The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1867. NO. 116.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

N. C. Law Books.

A COMPLETE set of State Reports, Law and Equity, with two vols., 1 Ircdell law, up to 1 Jones, (except 1 D and 8vt. Law,) for sale at 20 per cent less than Booksellers wholesale prices. Apply to E. B. FREEMAN, Clerk of the Supreme Court.
Raleigh, Dec. 18—swtf

Property in Oxford.

A HANDSOME HOUSE AND LOT in the town of Oxford, for sale. Apply to NAT. A. GREGORY.
Oxford, N. C., Dec. 18—3t

Public Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a Deed of Trust executed to me by Capt. W. G. Young, I shall expose at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Court House, in Salisbury, on Saturday, the 4th day of January, 1868, the thorough-bred stallion,

REBEL.

Pedigree.—Sire Michael Angelo, g. s., Zingano, g. g. s., Sir Archie—Dam, Fanny Lucas, by Waterloo, g. d., by Standard, g. g. d., by Monsieur Tonson.

Also, at same time and place, 1 Sorghum Boiler and Mill, a lot of Carpenter's Tools, Farming utensils and Household and Kitchen Furniture. 1 Wagon and Cart.

Terms made known on day of sale.
Dec. 17—113-td W. H. BAILEY, Trus.

CLOSING SALE!

Monday, December 23rd, 1867.

HAVING DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT whatstock we have on hand, we will sell at Auction on Monday, December 23d, 1867, at our Store, on Fayetteville Street, the following desirable articles:

1,000 yards Brown and Bleached Domestics;
1,000 yards Plaids, Osnaburgs, Linseys, Poplins, &c;
100 yards Fancy Cassimere, Kentucky Jeans and Tweeds;
50 Heavy Overcoats;
50 Woolen Shirts;
80 Linen bosom White Shirts;
30 pairs heavy Blankets;
100 pairs Children's All-wool Hose;
80 pairs Gum Elastic Suspenders;
100 boxes Cigars Habana;
24 beautiful Silver-Plated Castors;
10 Silver Watches;
3 Gold Watches;
18 Thirty-hour Clocks;
60 Port Folios;
100 Fine Pocket Knives;
36 Ladies' Fine Work Boxes;
10 Gross Parlor Matches;
40 Gross Pantaloon Buttons;

Also, General Assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware and Cutlery;

Groceries, Saddlery and Harness, Hollow-ware, Notions, &c.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, regardless of weather.
Dec. 18—113-4d B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Wake Forest College.

THE SPRING TERM opens on the 20th day of January, and closes on the second Thursday in June.

Tuition per session of five months, in Collegiate Course, $25
Tuition, in Preparatory School, 20
Room rent and servant's hire (each) 2
Board (table fare) per week $2.50 to 3

Washing and fuel are had on reasonable terms. Apply for Catalogue to

W. ROYALL,
Dec. 16—111-dswsw2m Sec. Faculty.

FOR RENT.

The pleasant residence on Newbern Street, formerly occupied by Wm. H. Haywood, Sr.
Apply to CHARLES MANLY.
Dec. 17—113-4t

FOR RENT.

A neat Cottage residence for next year, convenient to the business part of the City.
Terms fifteen dollars per month. Apply to
Dec. 17—113-1w Mrs. A. M. GORMAN.

PRIME YELLOW BUTTER, selected in New York especially for my retail trade, just received by DOUGLAS BELL.
Dec. 17—113-tf

NEW FAMILY BUCKWHEAT, in packages to suit families, for sale by DOUGLAS BELL.
Dec. 17—113-tf

FAMILY FLOUR.

20 bbls Patapsco Family Flour,
20 " Belle Air do
10 " Glenwood Extra do
15 " St. John's Fine do

For sale by
Dec 17—113-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

LARD! LARD!

Family Refined Lard, in 25 lb buckets.
" " " " 10 " tins.
" " " " 100 " kegs.

For sale by
Dec. 17—113-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NOTICE.

If the House and Lot in the Northern part of the City of Raleigh, and formerly owned by A. M. Lewis, are not sold by 1st January next, they will be for rent for the year 1868.

Apply to the undersigned at his Law office.
R. G. LEWIS,
Dec. 17—113 1w Raleigh, N. C.
☞ Standard copy.

STENCIL NAME PLATES,

FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOKS, SHEET-MUSIC, &c.

Everybody should have one! No preparation is required on the cloth. It will not wash out. A prize for ladies! Send for circular and samples.

Address, R. P. HARRIS, SENTINEL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C

Kittrell's Springs Female College.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will open the second Wednesday in February, 1868. The location is unsurpassed for health and accessibility.

During the past session, in a family of nearly two hundred, there has scarcely been a case of sickness. The health of many invalid young ladies has been thoroughly restored by the celebrated mineral water found here and they have prosecuted their studies with entire success.

We are immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within less than a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, and in telegraphic communication with all parts of the country.

Every facility is afforded for the most thorough and extensive education.

The Faculty is composed of five male Professors and seven lady Teachers.

Everything is new. Our musical instruments, including Piano Organ, Harp and Guitar, are of the finest quality

Special attention paid to thoroughness in the English Course.

Terms MODERATE and ACCOMMODATING.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required. Millinery is in no demand at Kittrell's. Parents tell us that their daughters cost them less here, in this respect, than even at home. Taking into consideration the items of dress and medical attendance, there is no cheaper school in the South. Besides, we are determined to accommodate our patrons as far as we can, as to time of payment, and to put female education within the reach of the people, in the present depressed condition of the country. OUR DAUGHTERS MUST BE EDUCATED.

For Catalogues, apply to
Rev. C. R. RIDDICK, President,
Dec. 14—110-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

NORTHERN CABBAGE.

I am this day receiving nice Northern CABBAGES. DOUGLAS BELL,
Nov. 16—97-tf Market Square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is LARGE and COMPLETE, and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.

My House is a live House, and I do a LIVE BUSINESS.

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods.

I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

40 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH,

R. SMITH'S corner, Fayetteville St.
Nov. 28—97-tf

IMPORTANT SALE!

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT.

HAVING DETERMINED TO REMOVE from the State, I will sell at public auction on the 1st January next, if not disposed of before, my

HOUSE AND LOT,

situate in the central part of the town of Tarboro', near Main Street. Also my Household and Kitchen Furniture.

The House is a framed building with eight rooms—six rooms 18x20, with a good Nursery and Bath rooms; two large Closets in each room; front and back Verandas; two Double Kitchens, lathed and plastered, and a first-rate Smoke House, all in excellent order. Also a good

OFFICE,

with 2 large rooms, situate on the corner of the lot nearest Main Street. It is one of the handsomest dwellings in town and one of the most convenient for business. I also offer for sale my interest in a well-established

DRUG STORE,

situate on Main Street, opposite the Court House. It is elegantly fitted up with indestructible labeled furniture, Soda Fountain, &c., with a large and well assorted stock of Drugs. It is known to be one of the most beautiful and best located Drug Stores in the State, and is now doing a good business.

Persons wishing to engage in the Drug business or wanting a good Dwelling House, would do well to apply immediately, when the terms will be made known.

☞ A good pair of Horses and Buggy, one good Buggy Horse and a young Mule for sale.
Dec. 13—108-6t A. H. MACNAIR.

Tin Ware at Wholesale.

THE UNDERSIGNED desires to call the attention of Merchants to his establishment for the manufacture of

Tin Ware for the Trade.

He claims to sell at wholesale AT AS LOW RATES as the Merchant can buy in New York or Baltimore, with Freight added.

He asks a trial from those who are disposed to encourage and assist in building up a Home Enterprise.

He pledges himself that his prices shall give satisfaction, and that his ware shall be of good quality.

Price Lists will be sent to any address on application

Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass

will be taken at best market rates, instead of cash, delivered at any point on the Railroad.

E. H. POGUE,
Oct 11—55-cod3m Hillsboro', N. C.

Valuable Lands and Mills for Sale.

PURSUANT TO A DECREE OF THE COURT of Equity for Johnston County, at Fall Term, 1867, I shall, on Saturday the 18th day of January next, on the premises, proceed to sell, at public sale, that valuable property, near Boon Hill, in said County, known as

THE KEOCO MILLS,

consisting of fifteen hundred and ninety-five acres of Land, lying near the North Carolina Railroad, and within one and a half miles of Boon Hill Depot.

The said lands are the first quality of Cotton lands. About 200 acres are cleared and have been in cultivation. The rest is in primitive forest, and is well timbered, although a considerable quantity of Pine Timber has been cut off.

The improvements consist of an excellent Saw Mill, with a forty-two inch circular saw, run by a Jonvals Turbine Wheel, which, for beauty of work and quickness of cutting, is unsurpassed.—There is also a tram road from the Mill to the Railroad, where there is a turnout. Also a Grist Mill, which will grind 60 bushels of corn per day. Also a Store and Office, a Blacksmith Shop, and four houses for operatives, and

A LARGE AND CONVENIENT DWELLING,

beautifully situated on a hill, containing eight rooms, to which are attached all necessary outhouses and Stables, with two Gardens, one of which contains one of the largest and finest Scuppernong Arbors in the State.

The water on the place is excellent, and it is one of the healthiest locations in the low country.

TERMS OF SALE:

One hundred and fifty dollars cash; four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars on the 4th Monday in March, 1868, and notes at six and twelve months from the day of sale, bearing interest. For the balance, bonds with approved security will be required, and the title retained until the purchase money is paid. Possession given on the first day of February, 1868.

LOVERD ELDRIDGE, C. M. E.
Dec. 4—101-4t Of Johnston County.

SECOND EDITION OF EATON'S FORMS.—The above Work, revised, enlarged and corrected by the author, and containing 625 pages, is now in the hands of the subscriber for sale. Price $8 cash.

I am requested by Mr. EATON to state that all orders for the book must be sent to me.

RUFUS H. PAGE,
Nov. 25—1m Agent.

WANTED.

An Agent in Raleigh for the EQUITABLE LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY. The Society has a cash capital of $5,000,000, and an annual income of $6,000,000.

Best references required. Address
HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.
Dec 10—106-2w Gen. Agts., Charlotte, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
SOLE LEATHER VALISES,
MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,

At R. B. ANDREWS & Co's
Gent's Furnishing Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

WE ARE OFFERING TO OUR CUSTOMERS a commanding stock of
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,
PAINTS AND WINDOW GLASS,
NAILS, IRON AND STEEL.
ALSO
1 Bed Chamber Gumwood.

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis,
41 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Nov. 6—78-tf

WANTED SECOND-HAND!

Law and Miscellaneous Libraries, on Consignment.

WE ARE NOW ABOUT MOVING INTO OUR New Store (next door to our present stand) where we have plenty of room.

There are many good Libraries in the country, that can be sold with advantage to our customers and to the owners. Send them on.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Dec. 2—99 tf Raleigh, N. C.

Valuable Property For Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED OF TRUST executed to me, by the late Wm. F. Collins, I will sell, on Monday, the 13th day of January, 1868, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Warrenton, the following valuable property:

The Tract of Land on which the late Wm. F. Collins resided, at the time of his death, situated in Warren County, on the Williamsboro' Road, two (2) miles from Ridgeway Depot, on the R. & G. R. R., and adjoining the lands of Jno. E. Jones, B. M. Collins and others, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-TWO (172) ACRES.

On this Tract are situated the celebrated RIDGEWAY MILLS, which are not surpassed in the manufacture of flour by any in the State. The Mills are in first-rate running order.

There are on the premises a Dwelling House, the necessary out-houses, barns, stables &c., for conducting a farm. The land is under good fences and in a high state of cultivation, about one-half the tract being in original woods, convenient to the House and Mill.

There is also a fine young Orchard of Apple and Peach trees, well selected, and several young vines of the Scuppernong Grape.

Persons wishing to purchase would do well to examine the property before the sale.

Terms made known on day of sale.
MARY COLLINS, Trustee.
Dec. 3—w4w4td&ds

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For sale by all Grocers.
Oct. 22—85-6m

SOMETHING NEW.

Sun Burners for Kerosene Lamps.

ALSO

Chimneys for the same—a new article.

ALSO

Aurora Burners and Chimneys.

ALSO

Cast Iron Fire Backs.

J. BROWN,
Nov. 21—tf With Hart & Lewis.

WINDOW GLASS.

A large stock of French and American Window Glass, in store and for sale by

JORDAN & CAIN,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Nov. 30—98-tf Petersburg, Va.

FLOUR, MEAL AND CORN.

Family Flour by the barrel.
100 bushels of Corn.
50 bushels White Meal, which will be sold cheap. L. W. PECK.
Nov. 30—98-tf

Cotton Seed Wanted at Neuse Oil Mills.

I WISH TO PURCHASE FIFTY THOUSAND bushels Cotton Seed.
Raleigh, Dec. 10—106-1m W. R. MILLER.

MALE ACADEMY,

Tally Ho, Granville County, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION of this School opens the 3rd Monday in January next.

The price of board and tuition is ninety dollars per session of twenty weeks, without extra charges.

Dec 6—103-2w4t T. J. HORNER, Prin.

OILS.

We keep constantly on hand a heavy stock of Sperm, Whale, Lard and other

SUPERIOR LUBRICATING OILS,

For steamboats, locomotives and stationary engines, cotton factories, paper mills, saw and planing mills, and all kinds of machinery, which we offer at the lowest market rates.

JORDAN & CAIN,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
corner Sycamore and Washington Sts.,
Nov. 27—98-tf Petersburg, Va.

To Consumers of Coal.

WE ARE PREPARED to supply the consumers of COAL, in Raleigh, at reduced prices, having obtained a reduction in rates of freight, as well as having reduced the price of coal.

WORTH A DANIEL,
Dec. 10—111-1w Wilmington, N. C.

Thomasville Female College.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on Tuesday, the 14th day of January, 1868, and continue 21 weeks.

The members of the Faculty, having had long experience in teaching and managing High schools, promise to do everything in their power to give to young ladies committed to them a thorough and accomplished education in every department.

TERMS:

Board, including all but lights, $12.20 per month.
Tuition, in English, from $15 to $20 per session.
" " Music, 22.50 " "
" " French, Latin or German, 30 " "

Lessons in Oil Painting, Drawing, Wax Fruits, &c., given to any young ladies wishing to take, at the usual rates.

For Catalogue containing full particulars, address the President, Rev. D. H. BRUTON.
Dec. 11—107-2aw1w

WHITE'S SCHOOL,

Mebanesville, N. C.

THE FOURTH SESSION of this School will commence the 13th of January, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

Tuition in advance, $20.

Board can be had, in good families, at $12.50 per month.

For particulars, address
Dec. 6—103-3t&w3t JAS. J. WHITE.

Salt! Salt!

8,000 SACKS OF SALT, DIRECT IMportation from Liverpool, for sale by WILLARD BROS.,
27, 28 and 29 North Water St.,
Dec. 16—106-3m Wilmington.

RAILROADS.

IMPORTANT TO CAROLINA SHIPPERS.

THE NEW

Baltimore and Carolina Grand Trunk

FREIGHT LINE,

VIA PETERSBURG, VA.,

Comprising the following great Freight Routes:

THE POWHATAN

Steamboat Company's Freight Line of Steamers,

PETERSBURG AND WELDON,

RALEIGH AND GASTON,

NORTH CAROLINA,

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA,

WILMINGTON AND WELDON,

ATLANTIC AND NORTH CAROLINA,

WILMINGTON AND MANCHESTER,

CHARLOTTE AND SOUTH CAROLINA R. R.,

And their connections.

Time Quick, and Rates Low.

THIS NEW TRUNK LINE FORMS A GREAT FREIGHT ROUTE between Baltimore and Weldon, Warrenton, Raleigh, Hillsboro', Farmington, Salisbury, Morganton, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Goldsboro', Newbern, Beaufort, Wilmington, Chesterville, Cheraw, Columbia, Sumterville, Manchester, and all intervening points on and near these great Railways and their connections.

The Powhatan Steamers connect at Petersburg with Petersburg Railway for all points in the Carolinas. Cars are run alongside of Steamers' Wharf and goods transferred with careful handling. Cars are run through without breaking bulk between Petersburg and Raleigh, Charlotte, Goldsboro', Wilmington, &c. &c. This Inland Line possesses many advantages over a Sea Route. Marine risk is small and insurance is comparatively nothing. The Wharf of the Powhatan Steamers being situated in the very centre of the great shipping district of Baltimore, renders it convenient to shippers, and drayage is very small.

Great attention paid to consignments of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Rosin, &c. &c. All produce forwarded at the lowest possible rates.

☞ To insure transportation over this Inland Fast Line, mark all goods, whether Northward or Southward bound, "Via Petersburg."

☞ Freight landed in Baltimore day following delivery to the Steamers.

Through Receipts are given and fixed rate per 100 pounds guaranteed both ways.

☞ Rates in every case same as via Bay Line and Portsmouth to and from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

N. B.—With regard to last named points, freight is forwarded to and from Petersburg by Philadelphia and N. Y. Steamers.

For rates and all further information, apply to any Freight Agent on the Line, or at the

OFFICE OF THE POWHATAN STEAMBOAT CO.,
20 Light St. Wharf, Baltimore.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Pres. Powhatan Steamboat Co.
R. B. PEGRAM, Sup't Petersburg Railroad.
A. B. ANDREWS, Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
JAMES ANDERSON, Sup't N. C. R. R.
C. BOURKNIGHT, Sup't Charlotte & S. C. R. R.
S. L. FREMONT, Sup't Wil. & Weldon R. R.
J. V. JORDAN, Act. Mas. Trans. Atlantic and N. C. Railroad.
WM. M'RAE, Sup't Wil. & Manchester R. R.
Sept. 30—3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Choice Hams!

I HAVE in store a lot of very nice Hams (something that I can recommend to my customers.) Also prime Western Sides, Shoulders and Breasts, all of which I am selling at a price reduced in proportion to the decline in the Northern Markets.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Dec. 11—107-tf

Genuine Peruvian Guano.

A SMALL LOT at R. & G. R. R. Depot, which I will close out at a reasonable price.
Dec. 11—107-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Refined Family Lard,

PUT UP in Buckets containing 25 lbs., and in Tins containing 10 lbs. Another lot to-day arriving at my store, on Market Square.
Dec. 11—106-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

CORN, FLOUR AND CHEESE.—A large lot, very superior, for sale by

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Nov 20—tf Wholesale Grocers.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

WHITE LEAD, in 25 pound cans.
Spirits Turpentine, by the barrel or retail.
Coach Body and Brown Japan Varnish.

ALSO

Paints for Coach Making, in small tin boxes.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Oct. 18—tf With Hart & Lewis.

CYGNET TOBACCO.

Price reduced. The finest braid of Tobacco in this market.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Dec 9—tf Wholesale Grocers, &c.

CHEESE! CHEESE!!

Twenty boxes prime Factory, just received by
Nov. 27—90-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FOR SALE.

Irish Potatoes, Bacon Shoulders and Sides, cheap, to close consignment.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants.
Dec. 9—105-tf

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

A FRESH SUPPLY of Sun Burners and Chimneys

ALSO

Framed Wood Saws.

ALSO

Butcher's Saws.

ALSO

Best Kerosene Oil.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Dec. 2—tf With Hart & Lewis.

Cheese and Butter.

TWENTY BOXES Cheese and five kegs strictly prime Butter, for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL.
Dec. 11—107-tf Market Square.

Family Flour.

TWENTY barrels Family Flour to-day received by
Dec. 11—107-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

BANK OF LEXINGTON.

OFFICE OF RECEIVER,
GREENSBORO', N. C., Sept. 14, 1867.

In obedience to instructions, contained in Special Orders, No. 129, issued by Major General D. E. Sickles, at Headquarters, Second Military District, Charleston, S. C., I, the undersigned, having been therein appointed Receiver of the Bank of Lexington, do hereby give notice to all indebted to said Bank, that they must come forward and make payment within twelve months from this date.

All who do not comply with this notice will find their papers, without discrimination, placed immediately in a course of collection.

All who hold claims of any character against said Bank, are hereby notified to present them, properly authenticated, within twelve months from this date, otherwise they will be excluded from all benefit in the distribution of the assets then to be made.

Address JESSE H. LINDSAY, Receiver,
Greensboro', Guilford Co., N. C.
Sept. 18—26-3aw3m

DRY GOODS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The senior of this firm has been selling Goods, for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,

NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, Va.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, asserting them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merinos, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Velentines, Delaines Mousselines, single and double width in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hanburg Edgings, Hanburg Insertings, Hanburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Buckle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Canoy Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Jasper and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons Chenille, Wadding, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Moire Reffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., Chains and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Grs. Grain and Rept Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Tissues, Canton Cloth, Bareetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Valentines, Peruvian Cloths, Mousselines, Challies, Alpaces and Mohairs, all of the very best, Loupin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Mull Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, PeKay Marseilles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss, Britharts, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses, Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Guita Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Ticklings, Denmins, Hickney, Huckaby, Dongley, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Bars and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Bordered Table Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marseilles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

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REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON MATTERS CONNECTED WITH THE UNIVERSITY.

To the Trustees of the University of N. C:

The Committee, to whom was referred the following preamble and resolutions:

"WHEREAS, it is deemed expedient to make thorough changes in the course of studies and mode of government of the University, to the end that increased facilities may be afforded for the acquisition of a a complete education, and that the standard of scholarship may be elevated:

Resolved, 1st, That a Committee of five members of this Board be instructed to prepare and report to this Board, at its next annual meeting to be held on the 10th day of December, 1867, a scheme of instruction and government for the University, embodying as near as may be what is commonly called the 'University or elective system,' with provisions for enforcing higher qualifications for admission and graduation.

Resolved, 2nd, That said Committee report further a scheme carrying into effect the Act of Congress, approved July 2nd, 1862, donating Land Scrip for the purpose of providing Colleges for the benefit of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, the portion devoted to this State having been transferred to the University, with the injunction to perform the conditions of the Act of Congress,"

—in performance of their duty, instruct the undersigned to submit the following report, on behalf of a majority of the Committee:

The Committee, in order more understandingly to perform their duty, requested the co-operation and aid of the officers of the University, as well as of other eminent scholars and teachers in this and other States. They acknowledge, with thanks, many valuable suggestions by President Swain, Dr. McGuffey, Dr. Woolsey, Prof. Smith, Messrs. John Wilson, Wm. Bingham and Horner, and they are particularly indebted to Prof. John B. Minor, of the University of Virginia, Prof. Charles Phillips, of our University, and Messrs. W. J. Martin and A. D. Hepburn, late Professors therein, for invaluable assistance furnished by the elaborate schemes for University reform submitted by them.

In addition to this, examination was made of the catalogues of the leading Colleges of the country, as well as of the reports and essays of many eminent educators of the age.

The first resolution requires,

1st. That the scheme of instruction reported shall embody, as near as may be, the University or Elective System.

2nd. That such changes shall be suggested in the present mode of government as will be required by the new system.

Very dim and often erroneous notions appear to prevail in the public mind as to what constitutes a University or Elective System. Whether that or the curriculum system has greater merits is one of the unsettled controversies of the day. Able pamphlets have been written by Dr. Barnard, Dr. Manly, and others, in favor of the curriculum, while the superiority of the other is advocated by Dr. Gessner Harrison, Dr. Wayland, and other thoughtful and successful instructors. Most of the arguments seem directed against or in favor of the particular forms of government and instruction existing at the German or the English Universities or at the University of Virginia. To understand the subject, therefore, it is necessary to enquire, in what consist the essential differences between the two systems, and what are their accidents merely.

In the Universities of Germany, instruction is imparted entirely by lectures. No examination is made of the student preliminary to admission. No surveillance is exercised over his conduct, by the authorities of the University. It is not inquired whether he uses his opportunities well or badly, but on application for a degree he is subjected to rigid tests of his qualifications. The degree when obtained has real value—entitles its possessor to certain privileges not obtainable by others. In fact, a vast majority of German students resort to the Universities for the purpose of studying for professions. Before entering the applicant must exhibit testimonials of his having passed the High Schools, called in Germany GYMNASIA, and must have attained, under rigid discipline for nine years, a proficiency equal to such as is required of graduates at Colleges in the United States. They enter the Universities when of mature age, generally twenty years old, and incited by the desire of the diploma, or by the love of learning, many make extraordinary attainments.

This system of the German Universities, without the advantage of the previous training of the Gymnasia, prevails at the principal medical schools of this country. There instruction is imparted by lectures, Professors making no systematic examination of the qualifications of students until a diploma is applied for, when his attainments are severely tested. The *esprit du corps* of the medical profession, aided by the intelligent appreciation of the people, and in North Carolina and perhaps other States by the law of the land, places the possessor of these diplomas on a higher footing than other practitioners. It is believed that the average industry of medical students is perhaps unexampled at institutions not having this advantage.

In the existing condition of education in our country, the German system cannot be adopted in our literary institutions. A University, to which those thirsting for knowledge, after having been properly trained elsewhere, may resort for researches in the highest departments of science, where men of mature age and well disciplined minds will seek to enlarge and develop their acquisitions, may and will probably, hereafter, be demanded by the advancing needs of enlightened culture, but at present those who resort to our colleges for instruction will be found of slender attainments and of immature minds, and need to be drilled in the elements of learning.

Nor is it probable that it was intended that the Committee should report a scheme analogous to that of the great Universities of England. Those corporations are communities of colleges, (Oxford having 18 and Cambridge 17) teaching the same branches, but the Universities teach nothing. Their main duty is to confer degrees on those presented for that purpose by the Colleges.

Our University is analogous to one of these Colleges. If the proper funds were at hand, it would not be difficult to organize, as is now being attempted by the University of Kentucky, under the inspiring energy of John B. Bowman, an Institution formed of a group of Colleges, each with its corps of instructors, carrying out its peculiar mission, devoted to its specialty, all owing allegiance to a common head—to the UNIVERSITY. But we must be content with smaller things. Our Institution has not now, nor is it likely to have, the means to carry out such lofty conceptions. We cannot attempt to imitate Oxford or Cambridge.

Nor do the Committee feel obliged by the terms of the resolution defining their duties to report all the peculiar features of the University of Virginia, an Institution probably better known than any other except our own to the people of this State, and which affords more liberty of election than is usual in the older Colleges of this country. The University of Virginia was designed by Mr. Jefferson to assimilate the German Universities. Successive changes have been made since its foundation, to adapt it to the wants of this country. The Institution is a useful one and has turned out many excellent scholars. But the Committee prefer, instead of making a simple copy of the peculiarities of any College, to scrutinize the features of all and to adopt such as appear to them best suited to carry out the objects of the Trustees.

Many usages existing at one institution or another, by many supposed to distinguish one system from another, are, in fact, not at all essential properties of either. It may be useful to mention the most prominent of these:

1st. Imparting instruction by lectures, instead of, or in conjunction with text books, is not peculiar to the University system. It may belong to the curriculum as well.

2d. Examinations of applicants for admission, and requisition of certain attainments for entering the University, may be common to both.

3rd. In both a wide range of attainments may be required as a condition precedent to obtaining the honors of the Institution. So that a symmetrical education may be reached in either system.

4th. Distinction in scholarship, prizes and fellowships, may be awarded under both systems.

5th. Election of a narrow course of studies, by those not desirous of competing for distinction or degrees, is common to both.

6th. Surveillance over the conduct of under-graduates may as well exist in one system as in the other.

7th. So, too, a curriculum may be "elective." By the use of parallel and equivalent courses, and by arranging that the recitation of two consecutive classes shall not be simultaneous, a large liberty of choice of studies may be had. This has, to some extent, existed in our University and is extensively in use at Harvard. Thus a degree is conferred on a particular amount of knowledge, although the kind of knowledge may differ in particular instances.

8th. So, also, a permanent President or temporary Chairman may be employed in both systems.

These points, sometimes urged as objections, sometimes as recommendations, of one system or the other, viz: Instruction by lectures, preliminary examinations, requirement of a wide range of study for graduation, the conferring of distinctions, the admission of irregular students, wholesome discipline of students, and some liberty of election in studies, may be and the Committee think should be adopted in all systems.

The essential differences between the two systems seem to be as follows: In the University the four years curriculum and the regular progression of classes are abandoned. The College is divided into independent schools, each Professor, subject to the control of the Trustees, supreme in his own department, solely responsible for the instruction therein, and solely vested with the power of conferring degrees therein.—Opportunity is given to learn all branches of knowledge, and inducements are offered to lure students to strive for them all. But while such is the effort of the University, ample means are afforded, and inducements extended, to those desiring from necessity or choice to become students in particular departments. Diplomas are conferred in each school and thus partial students are made more respectable.

A portion of the Committee think this system has advantage over the curriculum for several reasons:

1st. The independent school system offers peculiar facilities for the education of those desirous of scientific instruction in Agriculture, Engineering, Mining and other callings especially in demand in this country of vast undeveloped resources.

2nd. The present curriculum is so crowded with different branches of learning, it is impossible thoroughly to teach one without encroaching on others. For example, in our four years course, Metaphysics, Logic, Rhetoric and English Language and Literature have only about 111 hours or about 37 days of three hours each. To applied Mathematic, including Mechanics, Hydrostatics, Electricity, Optics, &c. are given 145 hours or 48 days. The great sciences of Chemistry, Mineralogy and Geology, have only 244 hours or 81 days, while the Ancient Languages have 740 hours, 246 days, or one third more than all combined. Zoology, Botany, Physiology, &c. are not taught at all. Even if the hours allotted to the department should be equalized, it would still be impossible to impart much more than an elementary knowledge of either.

The system of independent schools is capable of much more thorough and exhaustive instruction, while it admits of far greater expansion. New schools can be added from time to time, as new sciences spring up, without interfering with those already in existence.

3rd. Those familiar with our University will remember that there are four general classes of students who resort there:

1st. Those who become regular students, and, from poverty or anxiety to engage in business pursuits, or other cause, leave the institution before graduation. This class is large,—from one half to two thirds of the whole number matriculating.

2nd. Those who, from whim or with a view of hastening more rapidly to professional or other pursuits, take only a partial course. These, called at Chapel Hill "Irregulars" or "Militia," are not favored by Faculty or students, being unable to compete for diploma or distinctions, the influence of the College being to force all to take the curriculum.

3rd. Those who go on to graduation and obtain a diploma, but who show very little industry and make meagre attainments. This class constitutes at least one half of the graduates. It is certainly better that they should attend College. They learn something—at least they learn, a knowledge not to be despised, that there are sciences of which they are ignorant. They often in after years become fast friends of education and patrons of institutions of learning, but to advocate the claims of a system as furnishing a complete symmetrical education to youths like these, or to oppose efforts after reform because of these, is a mockery.

4th. The last class consists of those regular students who make good use of their time and earn their diplomas, most of them graduating with distinction. These derive lasting and solid benefit from their College course.

Now it seems evident that the system of independent schools is of great advantage to the first and second classes, as those whose necessities compel to hasten to the business of life have more abundant opportunities of devoting themselves to such special studies as will aid them in their future business. Their minds will become better disciplined by interested application in those departments, which are suitable to their wants and tastes, especially as they are stimulated by the hope of attaining a degree in their chosen studies. And it must be remembered that the first class, leaving College before the Junior or Senior years, lose, in the curriculum system, nearly all the branches not taught in the lower classes. They go into the world almost without knowing the names of some of the most important sciences.

Nor is it perceived that the fourth class will be injured by the change. They have similar aids and similar inducements to obtain a complete education. Indeed, it is contended that greater attainments in scholarship can be demanded, because the efforts of Professors to maintain high standards in their departments will not be thwarted by the desire of the authorities of the institution to continue the regular progression of the classes.

And with regard to the third class, its members, generally, will learn as little in one system as in the other. It is possible, however, that the instructors, themselves stimulated to greater zeal under the peculiarities of the University system, presently to be mentioned, will infuse, even into the listless brains of this third class, some desire to learn.

4th. No plan can be successful without the proper men to administer it. Teachers of energy and skill, full of enthusiasm for acquiring and imparting knowledge, will inspire similar qualities in their pupils, and influence the action of College authorities. They will, by intelligent strivings to work out their noble mission, supply deficiencies and mould towards perfection any system however ill adapted in its inception to accomplish its task proposed.

But teachers are not devoid of the ordinary infirmities of human nature. Like other men, most of them need some stimulus in addition to sense of duty to prevent their falling into habits of apathy, causing their recitations to degenerate into monotonous routine. They must generally have tangible fruits of their labors to restrain them from diverting to other pursuits the talents which of right belong to the University.

It is claimed that the University system supplies this needed stimulus to a much greater degree than the curriculum.

In the first place, having greater control over his own department, the Professor alone receives the praise or blame for successful or unsuccessful exertions. His emulation is excited to create and maintain a reputation for his school.

In the next place the authorities of the institution have the opportunity to apply one of the strongest of motives, the desire of pecuniary reward. This may be done by giving the Professor the tuition fees required for admission into his school, and making him depend mainly on them for support. This arrangement is hardly possible in the curriculum system. Besides being the best it is suited to our present financial condition. The idea is not at all novel. It is put in practice in the German Universities with fine effect, some of their greatest and most popular Professors being supported entirely by their fees. It was advocated with great ability by Dr. Adam Smith in his "Wealth of Nations," has succeeded well in practice in this country and the experiment is worthy of trial in our own University.

First rate men should have emoluments such as first rate men obtain in other positions. Experience shows that the greatest stimulus to energy and zeal in all pursuits, is the hope of enjoying the profits, as well as the honor, of one's labors. Why should teachers be considered an exception to this rule? Prof. Minor, in the able letter alluded to, says: "I regard this feature together with its organization into distinct schools, as being the principal source of whatever success this institution has enjoyed. There has thereby been engendered a habit of zeal, diligence, enterprise and thoughtfulness for the welfare of the institution, which has left generally little to be desired of what those qualities could confer."

This organization into distinct schools and giving the Professors the fruits of their labors, borrowed by the University of Virginia from Europe, the Committee regard as the distinctive features of the University System, and proper to be adopted with us.

In order to increase and perpetuate the beneficial results to flow from the responsibilities devolved upon the Professors under this system and the rewards attainable by successful exertions, it is suggested that they shall have a concurrent voice with the Trustees in all legislation in relation to the University. Their knowledge of the needs of the institution and their identity of interest with it will be guarantees that they may be safely entrusted with this power. As, however, the Charter of the University does not allow the Trustees thus to delegate their authority, it would certainly give to the Faculty greater dignity and self reliance and quicken their activity, for the Board to resolve *ex gratia* to take no important step in regard to the University, without the fullest consultation with them, nor except in the rarest instances without their concurrence. Such, I am informed, has been with good effect the practice with former Boards, in many instances, and its success in the curriculum system, in which the Professors have fixed salaries, which no exertion could increase, and only the most extraordinary ill conduct could take away, leads us to hope for still better results in the new system, where they have the strongest interest in the prosperity of the Institution.

The fear of many that this system will lead to the abandonment of the Ancient Languages and Mathematics, constitutes no solid objection, as they may and should be required for obtaining a degree. This degree should be made of real value by demanding a high order of qualifications for its attainment.

Distinctions, too, should be granted for superiority in scholarship, and measures taken by prizes and other substantial rewards and by publication of the names of successful candidates in the catalogue, as well as by prominence of positions awarded in the Commencement exercises, to induce young men to embrace all the advantages afforded by the University. It is claimed that by such provisions the advantages of both curriculum and University systems can be united.

The Committee likewise directed their attention to the distribution of hours assigned to the various departments taught at the University. As has been said, our University, as well as all the earlier Colleges of the United States, were mainly copied from the Colleges composing the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, which were originally framed for the education of priests.—Hence, as Dr. Wayland, in his report to the corporation of Brown University, shows, we get the compulsory study of all the course, the almost monopoly of Latin, Greek and Mathematics. As the changed circumstances of our people, struggling to develope the resources of a new country, have demanded, new subjects have been from time to time added; but no systematic attempt to adjust the relative importance of the new studies and the old has been heretofore made.

The result of these additions to an unchangeable four years course, has been a ludicrous disproportion between the time allotted to the various subjects taught. The following list, furnished by Prof. Phillips, shows the number of recitations in each department at Chapel Hill, the whole number being 2,039:

Greek,	370	18	per cent.
Latin,	370	18	" "
Mod. Languages,	222	11	" "
Pure Mathematics,	296	144	" "
Applied "	145	7	" "
Chemistry, Mineralogy, Geology,	244	12	" "
Political Economy, Law,	136	7	" "
Mental Philosophy, Logic, Rhetoric,	111	5	" "
Bible,	145	7	" "

In other words, notwithstanding all the time devoted to these subjects at our primary Academies, more than one-third of the students' time is spent in the dead languages; one half in the languages (modern and ancient); three-fifths in languages and pure Mathematics; only one fifth in Physics, wherein costly apparatus is necessary. In Mental Philosophy, Logic and Rhetoric, where the lecturer is indispensable, only one-twentieth, and in Political Science, Law, Psychology and Rhetoric, all combined, only one-eighth of the time of the student is employed during the entire four years course. The English studies were assigned to the department of Metaphysics, and allowed three hours per week for one year. In that time were attempted to be taught, Logic, Psychology, Rhetoric, and the English Language and Literature.

This enormous disproportion which, until lately, was much more glaring, the Committee have rectified in the scheme submitted by them.

The Committee devoted a considerable degree of attention to the great controversy between the admirers of classical and mathematical studies, and of the natural sciences. The controversy has been conducted with such heat, as to lead some profound thinkers, as Sir William Hamilton, to advocate the almost total abolition of the mathematics as a means of culture. Similar assaults have been made on the ancient languages, while some admirers of the old time decry with zeal all studies which may be of practical use in the affairs of life. The Committee agree with neither of these parties. They are of the opinion that no man can be considered well educated who has not some familiarity with the classics and mathematics. They know of no mental discipline better than that afforded by a conversance with those studies. At the same time they are firmly persuaded that more attention should be given to those branches of knowledge, which show the application of science to the arts, which develope the observing and perceptive faculties, which introduce to the general laws of the natural world, which teach us more full knowledge of the structure of our own language, the splendid examples of English Literature, and with the Philosophy of History.

They believe that with a proper mode of teaching, enough may be taught of the classics and mathematics, to educate and discipline the mind and yet time be spared for those other subjects.

The Constitution framed by our forefathers, in 1776, having provided that "all useful learning shall be duly encouraged and promoted in one or more Universities," the University of North Carolina, when established, was intended to afford an education superior to that obtained at any other institution in the State. For many years, this was undeniably the case, but in later times other Colleges have arisen, claiming an equality with the University, while many teachers of academies, some of whom enjoyed its advantages, complain that the standard of scholarship has not advanced with the advance of the age, and approaches too nearly to their own requirements.

The Committee think that a proper construction of the Constitution requires the General Assembly to provide that the University shall still hold a superiority over all other institutions, a pre-eminence so well defined and above all competition as to be beyond the reach of criticism. The requisites for admission to regular standing should be of greater extent than at present. The University is not fitted for the drilling of students. Its instruction should begin, where the preliminary work is ended. The Committee are gratified to know that there are teachers of Academies in this State well qualified and aspiring to advance their pupils to whatever point may be required by the University. The hands of these teachers will be strengthened and their numbers increased by the maintenance of lottier standards for admission into the institution to which their labors are preliminary and necessary. Without this careful, previous training, it is impossible that any young man can appreciate or make avail of advantages of learning, no matter how carefully provided and zealously dispensed at the University.

Diplomas awarded to graduates should likewise be evidences of real merit and solid attainments, and never be granted as a matter of course. When young men of meagre acquisitions obtain the honors of the institution, either the degree becomes worthless and the reputation of its grantor injured or else the public are deceived.—The standard of scholarship in the community is thereby depressed. The teachers of schools are disheartened, when they see the idle and the ignorant receive equal rewards with the industrious and the deserving.

As said before, the Committee think that text books should be used in each department, but the professor should not practice a servile adherence to the facts and principles contained in the books. The books should be supplemented by lectures, of which the student should be required to take notes, and to stand special examinations on the subject thereof.

The examinations at the close of each term should be deliberate and stringent and have much weight in estimating the standing of the students. They should embrace the *principles* of the doctrines taught in the text books and lectures, so as to induce habits of thought and independent investigation, as well as to enforce the review of the studies as a connected whole. It would much enhance the authority of these examinations, if men of special familiarity with their departments should be invited as co-examiners with the Professors and should aid in estimating the merit of the students. The examination for the degrees should be especially protracted and thorough and should embrace the studies of the whole course.

Emulation among the students should be excited not only by distinctions but by prizes granted for superior scholarship.—The names of the successful competitors should be published in the catalogues; while certificates of the distinctions conferred should be publicly granted.

The Committee are of opinion, that as soon as practicable, an annual fund shall be set apart for each department, to be devoted, under the superintendence of the Professors therein, to the purchase of such illustrative apparatus as may be needed, to procuring scientific journals, proceedings of learned Societies, Philosophical Academies, &c, as well as such books as, in the judgment of the Professor, are needed for the most ample investigations in his department. These things, without which neither the teachers nor the students can become acquainted with the great writers of the day and the advances made in Literature and Art, ought to be supplied by the University, and not left entirely to the private libraries of the Faculty.

Having premised this much generally, the Committee proceed to make specific recommendations of a scheme embodying their views of the "University or elective system," which they are required to report. This scheme shows what the University should be, if ample resources were provided for the complete organization and equipment. It is best to mark out the system to which we aspire and work up to it as fast as God may give us the means.

The University of North Carolina shall consist of the following Departments, to wit:

I. *Academical Department.*
II. *Department of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts.*
III. *Law Department.*
IV. *Medical Department.*

I. The *Academical Department* shall be sub-divided into the following schools, viz:

1st. Political Science, including Political Economy and History.
2nd. Latin Language and Literature.
3rd. Greek Language and Literature.
4th. Pure Mathematics, including Mechanics.
5th. Physics, including Astronomy.
6th. Metaphysics and Ethics.
7th. Rhetoric and English Language, and Literature.
8th. Chemistry and Mineralogy.
9th. Geognosy, including Geology, Geography and the inhabitants of the Earth, (vegetable and animal.)
10th. Modern Languages.

It will be noticed that greater prominence is given in the above scheme to English studies, as it is of very great importance that our own language should be taught as well as others.—English Literature being superior to all others. Aptitude to teach Logic and Psychology does not necessarily include aptitude to teach English Philology and the Science of Taste. Hence, a separate school is recommended for the latter studies, embracing the structure and history of the English Language, Rhetoric, and history of English Literature.

To the School of Metaphysics are given the studies of Logic, Psychology, Natural Religion and Ethics.

The School of Political Science shall embrace a thorough course of Political Economy, as well as other subjects of Political Philosophy. To this is also assigned the subject of History, embracing the History of Modern Civilization.

In teaching the Classics reference shall be had to instruction in the English Language, by requiring frequent translations to be made from the languages taught into idiomatic English, and from English into those languages respectively.

The schools shall be divided into classes at the discretion of the Professor, and for instruction therein, he shall be allowed eight hours each week, of which five shall be devoted to the course for degree of Bachelor of Arts, and three for the degree of Master of Arts. In the latter course the teacher shall carry the student further in his science than is possible in the more elementary A. B. course. Special attention will be given in the A. M. course to the education of teachers, this being the Normal School Department of the University.

DEGREES.

There shall be a degree conferred and diploma as evidence thereof, in each school, to be signed by the President of the University and the Professor of the school. Besides this the President shall grant certificates of proficiency for attainment in any branch of a school.

A. B. The degree of Bachelor of Arts shall be awarded to those obtaining Diplomas in all the ten schools of the Academical Department.

3. The degree of Master of Arts, A. M. will be conferred only on those who have taken the degree of A. B. and shall have passed satisfactory examinations in three schools of the special course, organized for that purpose heretofore mentioned.

To allow choice in studies, the following degrees will be likewise conferred:

B. S. Bachelor of Science on those who have taken the prescribed course in the Department of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, and also on those who have taken the A. B. in A. M. courses in Mathematics, Chemistry, Geognosy and Physics.

B. P. The degree of Bachelor of Philosophy shall be conferred on those who have taken the A. B. and A. M. courses in the schools of Rhetoric and the English Language and Literature, of Metaphysics and Ethics and Political Science.

The Committee call special attention to the Master of Arts course, as it is unique and it is believed an improvement on the systems generally prevailing. The advantages claimed for it are as follows:

1st. A more thorough study of the Sciences, than is possible in our Colleges, as at present organized.

2nd. Some of the best students will be retained for an extra year, and their influence will work down among the lower classes.

3rd. A kind of Normal School Department will be incorporated into the University, in which thorough scientific training may be given to those who go out as teachers, and thus,

4th. The University will do its great work,—elevate the standard of education in the State.

When this scheme shall be faithfully carried out, Schools and Colleges will be eager to secure the services of one, whose scholarly attainments are attested by the diploma of Master of Arts of the University of North Carolina.

The President and Professors elected under the system above mentioned, subject to the revision of the Board of Trustees, shall arrange the details for carrying the same into operation, in accordance with the principles of the foregoing report.

II. *The Department of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts* shall be organized to teach such branches of learning as are related to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, without excluding other Scientific and Classical studies, and including Military Tactics, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life, as provided in the Act of Congress, approved July 2nd, 1862, donating land scrip to the several States. The Committee, owing to pressing engagements, ask for further time to enable them to mature the scheme.

III. *Law Department.*

IV. *Medical Department.*

The Committee likewise ask for further time to enable them to mature recommendations in regard to these Departments.

In conclusion the Committee express the opinion that with a moderate endowment, the University can be reorganized as recommended on a basis solid, endurable and capable of indefinite expansion to meet the wants of the future. No scheme for imparting education in the highest branches of knowledge can succeed without some annual revenue, in addition to the income of the institution from tuition fees. The Committee trust that the people of the State, acting individually or through the Legislature, will not allow an institution whose past is so brilliant, whose creation and maintenance are enjoined by the fundamental law, to languish and die, and thus force our sons to journey to other States in search of the blessings of a liberal education.

Respectfully submitted,
KEMP P. BATTLE,
for the Committee.

The Radical papers are printing Senator Wilson's statement that the number of white disfranchised at the South will not exceed fifty thousand. At least fifty thousand—some say sixty—are distranchised in Tennessee alone. The Senator is very loose in his electioneering statements, and the Radical papers are reckless in endorsing them. The New Orleans *Times* says it cannot be truthfully denied that in Louisiana alone thirty thousand whites are disfranchised by the reconstruction acts. From these statements may be inferred how ignorant or heedless of facts the Massachusetts Senator is.

Major Gen. George G. Meade will shortly be appointed commander of the Third Military District, and Major Gen. John Pope, the present commander, be relieved.

MESSAGE

Of the President of the United States.

TRIBUTE TO GEN. HANCOCK.

Gentlemen of the Senate and of the House of Representatives:

An official copy of the order issued by Major General Winfield S. Hancock, commander of the Fifth Military District, dated headquarters in New Orleans, Louisiana, on the 20th day of November, has reached me through the regular channels of the War Department, and I herewith communicate it to Congress for such action as may seem to be proper in view of all the circumstances.

It will be perceived that General Hancock announces that he will make the law the rule of his conduct; that he will uphold the courts and other civil authorities in the performance of their proper duties; and that he will use his military power only to preserve the peace and enforce the law. He declares very explicitly that the sacred right of the trial by jury and the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be crushed out or trodden under foot. He goes further, and, in one comprehensive sentence, asserts that the principles of American liberty are still the inheritance of this people, and ever should be.

When a great soldier, with unrestricted power in his hands to oppress his fellowmen, voluntarily foregoes the chance of gratifying his selfish ambition and devotes himself to the duty of building up the liberties and strengthening the laws of his country, he presents an example of the highest public virtue that human nature is capable of practising. The strongest claim of Washington to be "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen," is founded on the great fact that in all his illustrious career he scrupulously abstained from violating the legal and constitutional rights of his fellow citizens. When he surrendered his commission to Congress the President of that body spoke his highest praise in saying that he had "always regarded the rights of the civil authorities through all dangers and disasters." Whenever power above the law courted his acceptance, he calmly put the temptation aside. By such magnanimous acts of forebearance he won the universal admiration of mankind, and left a name which has no rival in the history of the world.

I am far from saying that General Hancock is the only officer of the American army who is influenced by the example of Washington. Doubtless thousands of them are faithfully devoted to the principles for which the men of the Revolution laid down their lives. But the distinguished honor belongs to him of being the first officer in high command South of the Potomac, since the close of the civil war, who has given utterance to these noble sentiments in the form of a military order.

I respectfully suggest to Congress that some public recognition of Gen. Hancock's patriotic conduct is due, if not to him, to the friends of law and justice throughout the country. Of such an act as his, at such a time, it is but fit that its dignity should be vindicated and its virtue proclaimed, so that its value as an example may not be lost to the nation.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18, 1867.

The character of the Southern Constitutional Conventions may be gathered from a brief notice of the leading member of the Convention of South Carolina—the Hon. Mr. Bowen, from the Charleston district.—When the rebellion commenced, Col. Lamon allowed Bowen to raise a cavalry company for his regiment, and secured for him a commission as Captain. Soon afterwards he was arrested on the charge of submitting forged company rolls. While under arrest his Colonel was shot in his tent, and Bowen was charged with instigating the deed.—For this he was confined in Castle Pinckney and there retained until released by the Federal troops.

He then became a prominent Union man, and was entrusted with the sale of freedmen's cotton. The negroes complained that Bowen had failed to pay over to them any part of their money, when he was again arrested by order of General Howard, but gave security to make a fair settlement with the proteges of the Bureau. Soon after this he became a successful candidate for the State Convention, and is now the leading Radical in that body to determine the organic law in the State. These facts I have from a Bureau agent, who was upon the ground, and who has a personal knowledge of many of the facts stated. With such agents reconstruction must be desirable to the Southern people!—*Wash. Cor. Balt. Gazette.*

MARRIED.

In Chapel Hill, on the 19th inst., by Rev. Oscar Brent, at the Methodist E. Church, Mr. SAMUEL C. WHITE, of Raleigh, to Miss MOLLIE E. UTLEY, of Chapel Hill.

In Orange County, on the 11th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Doll, Mr. WM. H. HANKS to Miss KATE R. BLOUNT, both late of Washington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rooms to Rent.

THE THIRD STORY of the building occupied by me as a Jewelry Store.
Also a good MILCH COW for sale, with a calf three weeks old.
Dec. 21—115-1w JOHN C. PALMER.

RAISINS! CURRANTS! CITRON!!
CANDIES, CRANBERRIES,
LEMONS, APPLES,
JELLIES, SAUCES,
Good Things for Christmas!
For sale by DOUGLAS BELL,
Dec. 21—115-tf Market Square.

For Sale.

A HANDSOME FAMILY CARRIAGE, modern style, handsomely finished and will be sold low for cash down, or a good negotiable note.
Dec. 21—tf FULLIAM, JONES & CO.

BINGHAM SCHOOL,
Mebanesville, N. C,

THE SPRING TERM of the Session of 1868 begins March 4th.
Course of Instruction:—Classical, Mathematical and Commercial.
Address
Dec. 21—115-1m COL. WM. BINGHAM.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DAVIDSON COUNTY.

In Equity.

The Thomasville Bank vs. The Creditors of the Thomasville Bank.

In obedience to a decree and order of the Court of Equity, made in the above named cause, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said "The Thomasville Bank," that said Bank has filed a bill in the Court of Equity of the said County of Davidson to close the business of said Bank, and surrender the chartered rights and franchises of the Stockholders of said Bank, in pursuance of an Act of Assembly, entitled 'An Act to enable the Banks of this State to close their business," ratified the 12th day of March, A. D. 1866; that a Commissioner, to-wit: J. L. Lee, E-q., of said County, has been duly appointed in pursuance of said Act of Assembly, and has been invested with all the rights and effects whatsoever of said Bank; and all creditors of said Bank are hereby notified to appear before the said Commissioner and prove their several claims, debts and demands against said Bank, according to said Act of Assembly, by *the first day of March, A. D* 1868, or they will be forever barred, and the Court will proceed to administer the assets of said Bank without regard to any claims and demands not so established.

Witness F. C. ROBBINS, Clerk and Master of said Court, and the seal of the said Court of Equity, at office in Lexington, in said County, the 18th day of December, A. D., 1867.

Dec. 21—w4w F. C. ROBBINS, C. M. E.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECTACLES!
SPECTACLES!!
SPECTACLES!!!
At MOSS', two doors above Market, to suit all ages.
New glasses fitted to old frames.
Save money by carrying your WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY to MOSS', to be repaired.
Dec. 20—114-tf

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY.

M. S. DAVIS, A. M., } *Principals.*
H. E. SHEPHERD, Univ. Va. }

THE SPRING SESSION will begin on the SECOND MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1868, and continue twenty-one weeks.

TERMS PER SESSION:
Board with the Principals (half in advance,) $70 00
English Tuition, 20 00
Latin, Greek and French, each, extra, 10 00
Circulars sent on application.
Dec. 20—114-tJan10

Davenport Female College
Lenoir, North Carolina.

RE-ORGANIZED, RE-FITTED, And RE-FURNISHED.

IF YOU WISH TO EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHters at an excellent school, conducted by competent Teachers, in a healthy quiet place, and sublime mountain scenery, and at astonishingly low rates, send them, on or before the 3d of February, 1868, to the above Institution. It will be to enjoy a career of unprecedented success and usefulness.

Board and Tuition for twenty weeks, $72.50.
Apply for a Circular to
REV. SAMUEL LANDER A. M.
Dec. 20—114-w3wtmar1 Rutland.

Insure Your Property in Pescud's Agency.

ANOTHER PROOF OF PROMPT ADJUSTment and payment of loss by the old Phenix, of Hartford. Read the following receipt.

P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agt.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 18, 1867.

Received of P. F. Pescud, Insurance Agent, Raleigh, ($4,000) four thousand dollars in full satisfaction of losses stained by the burning of my Store House and stock of Merchandise, on the 29th of November, 1867, which were insured in the Phœnix Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn., under policy No 24, issued at their Agency at Greensboro, N. C.

Dec. 20—114-4t R. P. SPIERS & CO.

NORTH CAROLINA
Military and Polytechnic Academy.

THE NINTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS Institution will commence on Wednesday, February 5th, 1868.

Besides the regular course of Sciences and Languages, and the Commercial Course, it offers to the public the advantages of a special course of Civil Engineering of the most complete description. Circulars can be obtained from

GEN'L. R. E. COLSTON, Supt.
Hillsboro, N. C.

Application for admission should be made early.
Dec. 20—114-tf

Stop the Thief.

A WHITE MAN by the name of Alex Moore, a "Yankee," of small stature, blue eyes and about five feet high, borrowed of the first subscriber, on the 6th day of Dec., 1867, a dark bay Horse with three white feet, a wart on his jaw and warts under his belly. He took at the same time, from the house of the latter, a double barrel gun and saddle, and was last seen near Enfield, N. C.

We will give a reward of ($110) ten dollars for the horse, &c., on their delivery to us at Smithsonville, N. C., or for information leading to their recovery.

JERRY RICHARDSON,
NICHOLAS RICHARDSON. } Colored.
Dec. 20—114-3t*

JOHN T. DEWEESE,
Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.
Office in the *Standard* building.
Raleigh, Dec. 20—115-3m

GOOD PRIVATE BOARD, by the day, week or month, at moderate rates, can be had at my residence, near the Railroad Bridge, Hillsboro' Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Dec. 19—113-1m L. BRANCH.

Valuable Town Property for Sale at Graham, N. C.

A fine Location for an Attorney at Law.

HAVING DETERMINED TO REMOVE TO Charlotte, N. C., I offer for sale my property in the town of Graham, N. C.

The property consists of House and Lot, well located, with beautiful grounds. The house is nearly new, with six rooms and two porches. All necessary out-houses, with an office on the corner of the lot, convenient to the Court House.

Attached to this property is

SIXTY ACRES OF LAND,

twenty of which is in woods. The property is very desirable, in a good location of country, and one of the best sections for an Attorney in the State, with a good large paying docket. To an Attorney well recommended, I would transfer my practice, with papers, &c., or, if preferred, would form a copartnership in the practice.

This valuable property will be sold at once. Those wishing to purchase are invited to examine the premises.

R. Y. McADEN.
Graham, Dec. 19—113-1w

Just Received.

70 BOXES GENUINE CYGNET CHEWING Tobacco.
25 bbls. Patapsco Family Flour.
50 bushels white Corn Meal.
100 bushels Stock Peas, at $1.50.
10 bbls N. C. Irish Potatoes.
15 do do Flour—good.
10 do do Apples.
10 kegs Old Nick Williams' best Rye Whiskey.
15 do Malaga Grapes.
75 boxes prime Cheese.
50 sacks Ground Alum Salt, at $3 per Sack.
W. ROBT. ANDREWS,
Family Grocer and Commission Merchant.
26 Fayetteville Street,
Dec. 16—111-tf Raleigh.

P. F. PESCUD,
Druggist and Insurance Agent.

HAS REMOVED TO HIS OLD STORE, which has been remodeled, and is being handsomely furnished with beautiful furniture, a choice stock of

Fresh and Pure Medicines,

and such articles as are usually found in a first-class Drug Store, and which I will sell for cash at greatly reduced prices.

A large increase of patronage is particularly needed, and in consideration for which, the purest articles at a very small advance, and the most prompt and assiduous attention, will be given, at all hours of the day or night.

Regarding one dollar in cash as worth more than two dollars on credit, he will not sell on credit, except by special contract.

Dec. 14—110-2w

☞ City papers please copy.

P. F. PESCUD,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Cap

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be [illegible] lines, or [illegible].

One square one time	$1.00
" " each additional insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3.00
Less additional square one week	2.00
One square two weeks	5.00
Each additional " two weeks	3.50
One square one month	8.00
Less additional square one month	5.00
One square one month	12.00
Each additional "	6.00
One square three months	14.00
Each additional "	7.00
One quarter column "	25.00
One half column "	40.00
One column "	75.00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 50 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates ever spending with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1867.

GEN. HANCOCK AND GEN. GRANT.

We print elsewhere, this morning, the message of the President of the United States to Congress, suggesting that some public recognition is due to Gen. Hancock, the commander of the Fifth Military District, for his recent order in regard to the supremacy of the civil over the military authority. In the better days, a representative body of the American *Republic* would have needed no reminder of the requirements of propriety and duty in such a case. But it will fall upon leaden ears, when addressed to the present Congress,—a body which, having itself established governments of the bayonet, ignored the principles and teachings of the early fathers, and sanctioned, by votes of approbation, the despotic exercise of the arbitrary powers with which it has invested the military satraps of the South, will hardly recognize with commendation the acts and utterances of an illustrious soldier, which are, in themselves, a most scathing rebuke to its own usurpations. A vote of thanks to Gen. Hancock, on the part of Congress, would be a vote of self-condemnation.

The *people* of the Country, however, will thank the President for his timely eulogy on the conduct of Gen. Hancock. They are rapidly overcoming the prejudices and passions engendered by the war; and, believing in a government of law, and in the sacred guarantees, in the Constitution, of the inviolability of personal freedom, of the right of free speech, and of a trial by jury, they have hailed with high satisfaction the noble words of the distinguished soldier to whom Congress is invited to pay a tribute. Whether Congress responds to the suggestion or not, makes no difference. Better that it should refuse, as it unquestionably will, in order that its un-American, un-Constitutional and anti-Republican purposes and acts may be the more hideously apparent.

It requires an aggregation of many qualities to make a great soldier. The capacity to manœuvre masses with victorious results on the field, to form and execute strategic combinations, to organize armies, to make well-timed advances and successful retreats is one of the great elements; but no less essential an integral part of the truly great *American* soldier are the ability to practice moderation in the midst of triumph, to know the metes and bounds of his legitimate authority, and the disposition to acknowledge that the sword, in a Republic, is the *servant* of the law, and not its master.

There is no reason to believe, had Gen. Hancock been in the position of General Grant, with the same boundless resources and facilities at his command, that he would have failed to accomplish the same results. We do not say that Gen. Grant has not exhibited much moderation and good sense in many of his civil endeavors, but we do assert that, in his endorsement of Stanton and Sheridan, as well as in an unbecoming reticence on many points when an independent expression of opinion would have been becoming and productive of much good, he has failed to exhibit that lofty appreciation of the spirit of civil liberty which marks every line that has emanated from Gen. Hancock, since he assumed command at New Orleans. It is particularly unfortunate for the former that, cotemporaneously with Gen. Hancock's order, there should be published, by order of Congress, the correspondence and other papers bearing upon the question of military reconstruction in the South, which have heretofore been withheld from the public eye.—Among these papers is one from General Grant, addressed to the Secretary of War, dated Jan. 29, 1867, nearly two years after the war was supposed to be over, and after the President had proclaimed the restoration of civil law, in which he recommends the application of martial law to the State of Texas.

It needs no prescience to determine how these two extracts will read in the serene light of history:

"Martial law would give security, or comparatively so, to all classes of citizens, without regard to race, color or political opinions, and could be continued until society was capable of protecting itself, or until the State is returned to its full relation with the Union. The application of martial law to one of these States would be a warning to all, and if necessary can be extended to others."—*Grant.*

"The General commanding is gratified to learn that peace and quiet reign in this department. It will be his purpose to preserve this condition of things. As a means to this great end, he regards the maintenance of the civil authorities in the faithful execution of the laws as the most efficient under existing circumstances. In war it is indispensable to repel force by force, and overthrow and destroy opposition to lawful authority, but when an insurrectionary force has been overthrown and peace established, and the civil authorities are ready and willing to perform their duties, the military powers should cease to lead and the civil administration resume its natural and rightful dominion. Solemnly impressed with these views, the General announces that the great principles of American liberty still are the lawful inheritance of this people, and ever should be. The right of trial by jury, the *habeas corpus*, the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, and the natural rights of persons and the rights of property must be preserved. Free institutions, while they are essential to the prosperity and happiness of the people, always furnish the strongest inducements to peace and order. Crimes and offences committed in this district must be referred to the consideration and judgment of the regular civil authorities, and those tribunals will be supported in their lawful jurisdiction."—*Hancock.*

THE PRESIDENT AND MR. STANTON.

The provisions of the Office Tenure bill required that the President should send in his reasons for the suspension of Mr. Stanton, before the 22d inst. Accordingly, President Johnson sent in his message to the Senate, a few days ago.

We regret that we have not space for this document, which, for sound argument, severe logic and irrefutable facts, is not inferior to any of the papers that have come from the President. If Stanton's hide was not as impervious as that of a rhinoceros, and if he had a conscience, he would slink away from the public gaze, utterly confounded. If the Radical party should attempt to replace him, which we do not believe, though the letter-writers affirm it, it must only add to the public scorn which is daily accumulating against that party.

The President proves, in the outset, that Mr. Stanton's insulting course towards his superior, after he knew his presence in the Cabinet was not wanted, was ample ground for his removal, but he goes on to expose, in the most withering manner, the utter hypocrisy of the man and his indifference to his obligations. The President shows the importance of unity in the administration—that Mr. Stanton was the real author of the policy of reconstruction, generally attributed to President Johnson—that it had been drawn up by Mr. Stanton, at the suggestion of Mr. Lincoln, and had been the subject of discussion in the Cabinet before Mr. Lincoln's death,—that upon his accession to the Presidency it was early brought before him, and that, after slight modifications, it was approved by him and the entire Cabinet. For nothing has the President been more blamed, and for this policy, which was the work of Mr. Stanton, was he condemned by the Radical Congress, which originated his differences with it. He shows that when, in 1866, some members of the Cabinet differed with him, and these differences could not be removed, they honorably resigned and they parted with mutual respect. It was at a late period that Mr. Stanton began to show his disagreement with the President and Cabinet. In considering the objections to the Office-Tenure bill, Mr. Stanton presented the most elaborate and emphatic written opinion against its constitutionality, and when the President asked Mr. Stanton to write the veto, he simply declined on account of bad health—thus showing his hypocrisy in denying the right of the President to suspend him, under the Constitution and the laws, without the consent of the Senate, when, in fact, the only impediment was the Office-Tenure bill, which Mr. Stanton himself had most emphatically declared to be unconstitutional.

The President further shows that all the blame, which had been attached to him for the New Orleans riot, was chargeable only to Stanton—that he suppressed Gen. Baird's dispatch and did not communicate it to him for days after, when, if it had been done, the riot would have been prevented. The President further shows that the removal of Stanton, and supplying his place with Gen. Grant, have promoted the interests of the service and reduced the expenses of the Department millions of dollars.

The whole message is marked with the dignity becoming the President, and presents such cogent reasons for Stanton's suspension, that we cannot doubt the whole country will fully justify his action, whether Congress does or not.

The New York *Herald* very pithily says: "For those very things that the President has received most odium from the radicals the radical Stanton was responsible. He originated measures, urged their adoption, and then headed the hunt of clamor against the President for the crime of acting on his suggestion."

THE UNIVERSITY.—We surrender a large portion of our space, to-day, to the publication of the report of the Committee of Trustees, who were requested to investigate the condition of the University and suggest such reforms in its educational management as they might deem necessary. We give our columns for this purpose the more readily, as we are sure that the patriotic and intelligent portion of our people feel a lively interest in all that concerns our great State Institution.

The report,—which impresses us most favorably on the cursory reading which we have been able to give it,—was adopted by the Board, at its recent meeting, though its provisions will not go into operation until the commencement of the next Collegiate year, in June, 1868, at which time also, a full corps of Professors will be elected.

THE NASHVILLE *Banner* contains the following interesting announcement: "It is believed by the private friends of Andrew Johnson, and on this belief predicted, that he will issue an address to the American people early in the coming year, setting forth his long resolution not to be a candidate for re-election, and declaring the sole purpose of his policy to have been the restoration of the Union. Already, it is rumored, he is arranging to quit Washington and resume his place as a private citizen, given up for public trust nearly forty years ago. He will make his home for the future in this city."

It speaks well for the uprightness and integrity of a public officer to have lobbyists and corruptionists speaking against him.—*Radical Exchange.*

This is so, and what an immense amount of evidence there is of that character to prove the uprightness and integrity of Andrew Johnson!

GOVERNOR HUMPHREYS, of Mississippi, has issued a proclamation stating that he has received communications from gentlemen of high official and social position, in different portions of the State, expressing serious apprehensions that combinations and conspiracies are being formed by the negroes to seize the lands of the white inhabitants and establish farms. Gov. Humphreys warns the black people against lawless violence, and notifies them that the first outbreak in insurrection will signalize the destruction of their hopes and the ruin of their race.

ACROBAT.—A subscriber writes us that he frequently sees the word "*Acrobat*" in print, and wishes to know its precise signification, &c. We are not aware that there is any higher authority for the word than that it is a favorite in *circus-bill* literature. Certainly, it is not to be found in Walker, Webster, or Worcester. It is undoubtedly a *manufactured* word for a special purpose, though its etymology is apparent. It comes from the Greek words *akros* and *baino*, which, put together, by a strained construction, can be made, we suppose, to bear the sense usually given to the word,—somersaulting, tumbling, leaping, &c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Thomasville Bank *vs.* the Creditors of the same: See notice of the Clerk and Master of Davidson County.

The Spring Term of the Bingham School will commence on the 4th. of March. This Institution needs no word of commendation from us. It has long been a "house-hold word."

Raisins, Currants, Citron, Candies, Apples, and other good things for Christmas: Douglas Bell, Market Square.

Jno. C. Palmer, Esq., offers for rent the third story of the building occupied by him as a Jewelry store. Also, a good milch cow, with young calf, for sale.

Handsome Family Carriage for sale: Apply to Pulliam, Jones & Co.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Frederick Latham, Nathaniel Young, and Daniel Cowley, Co. B. 8th. U. S. Infantry, and Thomas Fisher, Co. E. 8th. U. S. Infantry, were arrested by the Chief of Police, on Davie Street, in company with ten other U. S. soldiers, who made their escape, (names unknown,) and who had been previously engaged in robbing Thomas Dancy and making an assault upon the house of Louis Vorhelf and other peaceable citizens: Lodged in the Guard House and turned over to the military authorities.

W. H. Smith, *alias* W. H. Edwards, arrested and lodged in the Guard House for being intoxicated on Salisbury Street, at a late hour of the night, was released, on payment of a fine of $2.

PANORAMA OF COLUMBIA.—The proprietors of this Panorama failed to reach here on Thursday, as advertised. We do not know the cause. It is likely that the harshness of the times prevented. By the way, we might as well suggest to exhibitors, generally, from abroad, that the scarcity of money in this State offers inducements to hardly any class of showmen, and that, if they expect much, they will be disappointed.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.—We learn that this magnificent school edifice, erected at Oxford, just prior to the late war, by the Masonic fraternity of North Carolina, at a cost of $35,000, was sold, on Thursday last, to Messrs. R. W. Best, John Nichols, and others, Committee of the Grand Lodge, for about $7,000. The citizens of Oxford subscribed very liberally to raise the amount necessary to relieve the College from debt.

COUNCIL OF STATE.—This body convenes in this city, to-day.

London *Fun* says the savants of the British Association have pronounced that aerolites and meteoric bodies are the results of "dissipated comets." Although we knew the celestial luminaries were up all night, we were not aware that they were of dissolute habits. We ask, therefore, in the deepest anxiety, whether the constellation Sirius is a "Jolly Dog" star?

WHERE?—A divine in Georgetown, D. C., in one of his sermons lately, used as a quotation the scriptural query, "Where are the nine?" On a repetition of the question, a demure-looking young gentleman, who had been nodding, suddenly roused up, and in an audible tone innocently responded: "They are playing a Washington club."

Jennie June says the most distinguished fashion writer in Paris is an old woman, who lives in an attic, smokes a short pipe, wears a yellow bandanna round her head, and signs herself "Countess." What do our ladies who follow the "fashions" think of this?

Mr. John Quincy Adams, in his able speech at Concord, N. H., aptly termed the vote of the emancipated negro, "the barbarian ballot."

Mrs. Pollard, wife of the author of "The Lost Cause," makes her *debut* on the dramatic stage in Baltimore on next Tuesday evening.—*Wil. Commercial.*

There is a suspicion that the failure of the opera in New York was caused by the rivalry of the fashionable churches.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Life Insurance continues to occupy the most serious consideration of the heads of families, who, by the casualties of war, short crops and short price of Cotton, have been deprived of the support they relied upon, in case of death, for their dependents; and the question with them is, "Which is the OLDEST, SAFEST, LARGEST, MOST ECONOMICAL and RELIABLE COMPANY represented in North Carolina?" I unhesitatingly assure them that I have indisputable evidence that the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE Co. is, without doubt, prepared to prove, from the most trustworthy and authentic official reports, that she has a larger amount of assetts than all other Companies in this State combined; that for eighteen years she has decared an average of fifty per cent dividend; for thirteen years her interest on investment has exceeded her losses; and her vast business is conducted at a much less expense.

All she makes is shared by the assured. No Stockholder receives the lion's share of the profits, and no Company pays its losses more promptly. Last year (1866) she paid to widows and orphans upwards of **a Million of Dollars** Therefore, apply at once to F. F. PESCUD, Agt.,
Dec. 14—110-tf Raleigh, N. C.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

THE KENTUCKY DELEGATION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20, M.

Trimble of the Kentucky delegation, has been admitted, and John Young Brown and Maj. Young have been sent back.

The Committee on Elections determined, much to the chagrin of the extremists, not to seat the minority contestants.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 20, M.

The Democratic caucus have nominated Eugene Casserly for U. S. Senator.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20—M.

Cotton quiet and steady at 15½c.
Turpentine declined to 50½c.
Gold 1.34@1.34½.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 20—M.

Cotton quiet and unchanged, with sales of 8,000 bales. Sales for the week 68,000 bales; stock on hand, 480,000 bales, 82 000 of which are American.

Saturday Morning Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2, P. M.

Senate.—A petition from Ohio, asking an increase of the currency, was presented.

The repeal of the cotton tax was resumed.—Wide and wild views were expressed.

House.—The bill forfeiting the lands granted to the Southern Rail Roads came up.

Mr. Julian maintained that none except the New Orleans & Opelousas Road had complied with the terms of the government. The matter was finally postponed to the 2nd. Tuesday in January.

The Reconstruction Committee was allowed a clerk.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20, P. M.

The veto of the bill, striking "white" from the District ordinances, did not come in. There is some difference of opinion, but the presumption is that this amounts to a pocket veto.

A count, to-day, indicates that had the vote been taken on the repeal of the Cotton Tax, it would have failed by two votes. An ultimate modification of the tax is probable, but it will hardly apply to this year's crop.

A paragraph current that Gen. Hancock was on the Commission that hung Mrs. Surratt, is untrue. Gen. Hancock, at the time, was Commandant of the Department of Washington, but had nothing to do with the Military Commission, and opposed the execution.

Mr. Casserly, the Democratic caucus candidate for Senator from California, is a prominent lawyer, formerly of New York.

John Mitchell declines the Fenian Presidency.

THE VIRGINIA BLACK AND TANS, ETC.

RICHMOND, Dec. 20, P. M.

A resolution was introduced, asking Congress to retain all the volunteer officers now in the Freedmen's Bureau service in Virginia, until the State is reconstructed.

After a debate, in which it was generally agreed that the Bureau had proved itself a beneficial institution, but had some bad men in it, who ought to be mustered out, the resolution was defeated—ayes 23, nays 49.

A Committee reported a bill of Rights and two articles of the Constitution. The only change from the old bill of Rights is a clause making allegiance to the United States Government paramount to that due the State Government. Referred.

The sleet was a half inch thick over the streets to-day.

The Freedmen's Bureau is issuing 3,000 rations from the soup houses to destitute white and colored persons, to-day.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20—P. M.

Cotton easier—sales of 1,500 bales at 15¼.
Flour dull—State 8.60@10.65; Southern 10.65@14.
Corn easier. Western mixed $1.37.
Pork firm at 20.80.
Spirits Turpentine 50@51. Rosin 2.67.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 20—P. M.

Cotton steady.
Wheat; Prime Southern Red, 2.67@2.72.

WILMINGTON, Dec. 20—P. M.

Spirits turpentine steady at 44@45.
Rosin firm and advancing. 1.90 for strained and No. 2 Tar 2.00.
Cotton steady, 13.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	52c
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	26
" Wadesboro	25
" Wilmington	25½
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	20
" Commerce	17
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10½
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	11
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	27
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	25
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-2m-3m

NEW MARRIAGE GUIDE.

AN ESSAY FOR YOUNG MEN, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge.—Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sept 27—44-3m

M. ROSENBAUM,
No. 16 Fayetteville St.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Raleigh, and the public in general, to his newly imported stock of GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING, and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS; GENTS' and BOYS HATS of the latest styles, together with a large stock of Gent's and Boys BOOTS AND SHOES, of the finest makes. All of which will be sold at prices to suit everybody.
Oct. 7—52-tf

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat,
Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,
Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,
is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,
Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For **Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Oct. 28—69-eodim

DRY GOODS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO'S

VERY LATEST.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. Best stock we ever offered.
Dec 6—tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

MEN'S WEAR! BOYS' WEAR!
A full and complete stock.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec 6—tf

TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, VELVETS, &c.
A new stock, and very complete.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec. 6—tf

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, CARPETINGS AND Rugs. From 4-4 to 24-4
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec 6—tf

HOUSE FURNISHING DRY GOODS.
Linens, Towelings, Damasks, Druggetts, &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec. 6—tf

HATS, HATS HATS.
The largest stock in the City. We give particular fits.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec 6—tf

PRINTS, PRINTS, PRINTS.
A superb stock, at exceedingly low prices.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec. 6—tf

LINSEYS & RED TICKING.
Cheap at
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO'S.
Dec 6—tf

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS, Sheetings, Shirtings and Family Long Cloths, at
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO'S.
Dec. 6—tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.
20 Cases Men's Shoes and Boots.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec 6—tf

INDIA RUBBER HIGH TOP BOOTS & SHOES
For Ladies, Misses and Men. Something new in the market.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec 6—tf

CLOAKS, SHAWLS, &c.
Real Cashmere, Rinket, Plaid, &c
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Dec 6—tf

IN FACT, NOW IS YOUR TIME TO LAY IN A large amount of goods for a little money.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, Dec. 6—103-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND
NEW GOODS
Just Received at LOW PRICES.
Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:
SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;
And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.
A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,
At the old stand of
S. H. YOUNG.
Nov. 27—96-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

COTTON AND STOCK.
Several good Cotton, Stock and Grain Farms for rent or lease. Apply to
T. H ATKINSON,
Dec. 13—109-swdw1m Boon Hill, N. C

Special Notice to Farmers!

LIME!

WE CAN DELIVER FRESH STONE LIME for Agricultural purposes, by the car load of 50 barrels, if ordered within a short time, to the following named stations on the N. C. R. R., at prices affixed:

Goldboro'	$1.85 per bbl.
Raleigh	2.00 "
Morrisville	2.05 "
Durham's	2.05 "
Hillsboro'	2.05 "
Mebanesville	2.10 "
Graham	2.12 "
Shops	2.14 "
Greensboro'	2.16 "
High Point	2.18 "
Thomasville	2.20 "
Lexington	2.20 "
Salisbury	2.20 "
Concord	2.23 "
Charlotte	2.25 "

Should orders come to hand too late to secure it from cargo now on the way and expected within eight or ten days, it will add about ten cents to the above cost. Address
WORTH & DANIEL,
Dec. 16—111-1w Wilmington, N. C.
Charlotte Democrat and Goldsboro' News copy two weeks each.

ROCK HILL COLLEGE,
ELLICOTT CITY, Md.

THIS INSTITUTION, CONDUCTED BY THE Brothers of the Christian Schools, was established in 1857; and incorporated, and empowered to confer degrees by the General Assembly of Maryland, during the session of 1865.

It is situated on a rising ground in one of the healthiest and most picturesque portions of the State, and within a few minutes' walk of the Ellicott City Railroad Station.

FACULTY.

BROTHER BETTELIN, President.
BROTHER CIARAN, Vice President, Professor of Mathematics.
WM. E. A. AIKIN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.
ALBERT TAYLOR BLEDSOE, A. M., LL. D., Professor of History, Rhetoric and English Literature.
BROTHER AZARIAS, Professor of Mathematics and English Composition.
BROTHER BENEDICT, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics and History.
SAMUEL E. W. BECKER, Ph. D., Professor of Latin and Greek.
ANTHONY THERTHOFF, Adjunct Professor of Latin.
JEAN VANNI, Professor of Drawing and French.
BROTHER LUKE, Professor of German and Music.
P. UNGER, Ph. D., Professor of Music.
BROTHER MATTHEW, Instructor in Grammar and Geography.
BROTHER PETER, Prefect.
BROTHER BERNARDIN, Prefect of Junior Students.
DR. J. H. O'DONOVAN, Consulting Physician.
DR. T. B. OWINGS, Attending Physician.

TERMS:

Board, Washing and Tuition $250 00
Entrance Fee 25; Physician's Fee 5
Music and Drawing, extra.
Oct. 22—95-1m-tf

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE,
In the Town of Franklinton, Franklin County, N. C.

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21st, 1867, I shall sell at public Auction, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 12 M., my House and Lot in the above Town.

Franklinton is directly on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, 27 miles from Raleigh. The location is healthy, being free from the miasmatic emanations usually met with in low places. Good Schools, good Churches, good Masonic Lodge, and good society generally. A good place to live and a desirable place at which to die.

The lot contains 5 acres, more or less. The House has 6 rooms, with fire places. Two framed Kitchens with Stone Chimneys, and all necessary out-buildings on the premises.

Dec. 7—2awtd L. W. MARTIN.

W. H. CROW.

MANAGER AND GENERAL AGENT
OF THE
ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
FOR THE STATE OF
NORTH CAROLINA AND PART OF VIRGINIA.

HAS PAID ANOTHER LOSS IN THIS DEPARTMENT ON THE 7TH NOV., 1867, to the widow of the late Castine Doscher, of Wilmington, N. C. Policy No. 38,620, for $5,000.

This Company has done more in the last two years for the citizens of the State than any other Company.

DIED IN 1866 AND 1867, AND POLICIES PAID AT THE OFFICE IN RALEIGH:

Justice Kinsey, of Raleigh,	$ 5,000
J. E. Weeks, Elizabeth City,	5,000
T. J. Garner, Weldon,	3,000
S. B. Turnage, Kinston,	10,000
J. F. Sanders, Smithfield,	5,000
Castine Doscher, Wilmington,	5,000

A very serious question for a Husband and Father to ask himself, is, Should I be taken away tomorrow, would my family be provided for as I wish them to be? The Ætna Company is one of the solid institutions of this country, and by taking a Policy here you provide a certainty.

That which has made this Company such a favorite and so popular, is the low rate and prompt payment of all demands.
Nov. 12—83-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

T. V. MOSS,
Watch Maker and Jeweler,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
Two doors above the Market.

KEEPS on hand WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c.

N. B.—Special attention given to repairing fine and other Watches, Jewelry and Clocks, at prices to suit the times.
Dec. 6—103-tf

Gunny Bagging and Rope at Very Low Figures.

I DESIRE SPECIALLY TO CALL THE ATTENTION of Planters to my large stock of cheap Gunny Bagging and Rope:

3,000 yds Gunny Bagging at 25 cts per yard.
10 coils of Rope at 10 cts. per pound. Cut to suit purchasers. Call soon or you lose the chance.
W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
Grocer and Commission Merchant,
No. 56 Fayetteville St., Raleigh.

☞ Special attention paid to the sale and purchase of produce.
Nov. 28—97-tf

Groceries! Groceries!!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED the advance of our stock of **GROCERIES**, consisting of

Pork,	Flour,	
Sugars,	Coffees,	
Teas,	Mackerel,	
Extra Family Butter,	Pickles	
Cheese,	Crackers,	
Candles,	Starch,	
Soap,	Buckwheat Flour,	
&c.,	&c.,	&c.,

which we offer to the Trade at the lowest Cash Market prices.

A full supply of Groceries will be kept constantly on hand, to which we would call the attention of Country Merchants and others.
R. H. COWAN & CO.,
No. 32, N. Water St.,
Dec. 9—105-1m Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.
SEWING MACHINES!
Improved and perfected Common Sense
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!
SIMPLE, DURABLE, COMPACT AND CHEAP.
AT THE OFFICE OF THE
ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
Over "Tucker's" Iron Front Store,

THE SUBSCRIBER IS THE only authorized Agent for the Manufacturers in the State of North Carolina, and will sell at their prices, wholesale or retail.

Samples of work can be seen at the Office, and a Machine complete be bought at it.

It uses coarse cotton, linen, silk and twine, directly from the spool.

Our Machines are warranted as follows: When any part of any Machine breaks or wears out, with proper usage, within five years from the time of sale by sending us the broken piece, we will send a duplicate piece free of charge.

SEE OMB & CO., Manufacturers.
Dec. 12—108-1m W. H. CROW, Agent

WILSON SCHOOL,
Melville, Alamance County, N. C.
ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

THE NEXT SESSION commences January 30, 1868. Circulars sent on application to
DR. JOHN WILSON.
Dec. 6—103-sw3aw3

NEW FIRM!
BRADLEY & CHRISTOPHERS.
[AT SIMPSON'S OLD STAND, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.]

Confectioneries! Confectioneries!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH and well selected assment of choice CONFECTIONERIES, APPLES, &c., &c.

Groceries! Groceries!

Always on hand, Sugars, Coffees, Crackers, Cheese, Soda, Molasses, Lard, Snuff and Country Produce, which we will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

ALSO

Brandy Peaches and Cherries, Pickles, Sardines, Fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes, &c., &c.

Fire Works! Fire Works!

A few fire-works, fire crackers and torpedoes, for Christmas fun.

We respectfully solicit a part of the public patronage, especially of our friends and acquaintances. Come one! come all! and buy your **Christmas Goodies** at
BRADLEY & CHRISTOPHERS'.
Dec. 12—108-tf

Cakes! Cakes!

BRADLEY & CHRISTOPHERS keep constantly on hand a fresh supply of
CAKES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
and are prepared to fill orders from a distance for Weddings, Parties, &c., &c.

Cakes iced and ornamented in the finest style. Call and see us.
Dec. 12—108 tf

EXCELSIOR RESTAURANT
AND
BOARDING HOUSE!

THE UNDERSIGNED announces that he has fitted up his establishment, on the corner of Fayetteville and Salisbury Streets, in rear of the National Bank, (known as the old WHEATON HOUSE,) in A No. 1 style, and is prepared to accommodate the public, and, especially, gentlemen visiting the City, with

Board and Lodging.

Boarders will be restricted to no particular hours for taking their meals. Hot meals will be served
AT ALL HOURS,
when required by guests.

The Proprietor will spare no pains to entertain his customers in the best style.

Members of the approaching Convention will find the arrangements of my House admirably suited to their convenience.

The terms will be as moderate as the times will possibly admit.
Dec. 14—110-3t TH. JOSEPH.

LIFE INSURANCE.

[From the Insurance Monitor and Wall Street Review, New York.]

A Well-deserved Success—The Equitable Life Insurance Company.

The approaching demolition of seven buildings, consisting of that almost immemorial landmark, "Old Guerrin's," the less ancient "Standinger's," and the present office-building of the American Express Company, on the Southeast corner of Broadway and Cedar street, together with three adjoining buildings on the latter street, is attributable to that modern insurance giant, the Equitable Life. These seven buildings are all to be replaced by one, six stories in height, including basement, and having a frontage of 96 feet 8 inches on Broadway, and one hundred and thirty-seven feet four inches on Cedar street. A number of the first architects in the country are engaged in perfecting plans for the structure, so as to make it in style, accommodation, and convenience, superior to any other building of the kind yet erected.

The building will, however, not only be made to accommodate the Company, but so arranged that the rental of such part as is not occupied by them will return an interest on the investment. The magnitude and surpassing growth of the Equitable Life not only justify this solid investment, but render it both expedient and necessary. Although this Company has been only eight years in business, its policies issued during its eighth year covered an insurance amounting to over thirty-five millions of dollars. The total sum assured by it up to the present date approaches 100 000,000; its accumulations have run up to 5,000,000; its annual income to three millions, and will in the ensuing year doubtless expand to five million dollars.

For this rapid increase and substantial success there are abundant and most satisfactory reasons. They are found in the numerous solid advantages the Company affords. In the fact that it is purely mutual, and that all the profits go to the insured on the first of February, every year, at which time a large dividend has been regularly paid, amounting last year to six hundred thousand dollars. Its mode of applying dividends so as to accommodate them to the circumstances of the policy holders, is unequalled for the variety of the advantages it offers.

The Equitable has been enabled to deal thus liberally with its insured in consequence of the prosperity of the business and the usefulness of its management. The percentage of its "total out go," compared with its cash premium receipts, was less in 1866 than that of any older Company. Its policies average larger in amount than those of any rival institution. It insures on a single life any sum from $250 to $30,000, and issues all the most desirable non-forfeiting policies. All its policies are, however, comparatively new, and it is therefore carrying but few imposed lives. Its percentage of losses, to amount at risk, which is much less than that of older Companies, establish this fact. The Equitable is, indeed, full of vitality and progressive strength, and is regarded as the most successful and—taking into consideration its age—the largest Life Insurance Company in the world.

NEW MOVEMENT IN LIFE INSURANCE.

We learn that some of the cash companies of this City have decided to adopt a uniform scale of premiums to take effect after the close of the present year, with a view to greater simplicity and uniformity in their business. These rates have been carefully deduced from American experience, and will be more accurate and satisfactory than those hitherto used, which were based upon English statistics. The Mutual, Equitable, Washington, Widows and Orphans, Standard, and one or two other companies, have entered into this desirable arrangement. We learn also that these companies have decided to establish a system by which their rejections and other points relating to medical examination and statistics, will be made known to each other and mutual benefit derived. The contribution plan of dividend has been adopted by the companies named.

There are many other points in life insurance, both theoretical and practical, upon which companies conducted upon the general principles can unite for mutual aid and advantage, and yet preserve their individual idiosyncracies and independence in all other respects. Such, we learn, is the leading idea governing the proposed union, which cannot fail to be attended with favorable results.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Dec. 11 General Agts., Charlotte, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD C. BADGER.

FOWLE & BADGER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court the Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.
Dec. 19—113-3m.

Magazines and Illustrated Newspapers.

RECEIVED WEEKLY, and for sale at the lowest prices, the popular Magazines and Illustrated newspapers of the day.
JAS H. ENNISS.
Nov. 15—86-tf Bookseller.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,
Franklin County, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION of 186 will begin on the SECOND WEDNESDAY IN JANUARY. In this institution superior advantages are offered for the acquisition of a thorough and accomplished education.

Terms moderate. For full particulars, apply to
T. M. JONES,
Dec. 11—107-2w* President

Select Boarding and Day School,
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SPRING TERM OF THE MISSES NASH and Miss KOLLOCK'S School will commence February 7th, 1868, and close June 26th, (twenty weeks.) Circulars forwarded on application.
Nov 20—3m

Store for Rent.

THE STORE on the corner of Fayetteville and

DAILY SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1867.

MISCELLANEOUS.

KALSOMINE.

Kalsomine and Kalsomine Brushes, of the finest quality, for sale low by

JORDAN & CAIR,
Druggists,
Nov. 30—98-tf Petersburg, Va.

Raleigh Academy.

THE SUBSCRIBER, WITH MR. SAMUEL G. RYAN, has opened a school in Raleigh, in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Lovejoy, as the Raleigh Academy.

His terms are $30 per session for instruction in English and the Classics, and $25 for instruction in English alone.

One half the tuition money to be paid in advance.

The next session will begin on the 17th of January, 1868.

Board can be obtained in several respectable families at $10 to $20 per month.

Dec. 19—103-3tawtd R. S. MASON.

YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE PROPRIETOR, in returning his sincere thanks to the travelling public for the liberal patronage extended to him during his connection with this Hotel, takes occasion to assure them that no effort or expense will be spared to retain the present reputation of the Hotel as one of the very best in the South.

He is happy to announce that the fall in the price of supplies enables him to reduce the price to

THREE DOLLARS PER DAY.

To citizens coming in to spend a week or more, he will make still greater reduction.

He is prepared to furnish board without rooms at very low rates.

He hopes to have the pleasure of welcoming to the Yarborough House his old customers and many new friends.

J. M. BLAIR.
Dec. 13—100-1m Proprietor.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

1867.

WILLIAM LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT

NORFOLK, VA.

For the sale of

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, Staves, &c.

In the markets of

Norfolk, Liverpool and London.

Also Agents for NORFOLK AND LIVERPOOL STEAMERS.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of **Mr. C. E. DUNN**, of North Carolina, who will see his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all information, and attend to any business desired.

Oct. 1—3mos.

JAMES GORDON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, Va.

WILL GIVE STRICT ATTENTION TO THE sale of Cotton and all other produce, and to the purchase of all Plantation Supplies.

Our house was established in Norfolk, in 1828, by James Gordon, of Warren County, North Carolina, who was well known throughout the State. We trust that our long experience in the Commission business has made us familiar with it in all its branches, and entitles us to a portion of the patronage of the good people of our native State.

REFERENCES:

Gen. R. W. Ransom, R. F. Moore, J. N. Smith, Col. N. M. Long, Hon. Kenneth Rayner, P. K. Smith, Jno. M. Moody, Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Wm. D. Jones, Jno. J. Bell, Hon. Wm. A. Graham, R. H. Smith.

Sept. 28—89-3m

FREER, NEAL & Co.,

J. D. NEAL, GEO. E. FREER, JNO. WHITE.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Haywood, Raleigh; Gen. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.

Oct. 9—84

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.

Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

J. M. S. ROGERS. W. J. ROGERS.
Late of Northampton County, N. C.

J. M. S. ROGERS & SON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 23, COMMERCE STREET,

Norfolk, Va.

☞ Will attend to the sale of COTTON, CORN, BACON, GRAIN, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES, and all Marketable Produce.

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

Oct. 25—89-3m

W. H. CHREE, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,
CHREE, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 35 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.

Aug 20-11-6m

Important Sale of Real Estate.

ON FRIDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF DECEMBER next, at the Griswold Hotel, in Goldsboro', at the hour of 12 M., I shall offer for sale at public auction, a valuable Plantation, situated about four miles from Goldsboro', on Neuse River, adjoining the lands of David F. McKinne, William Davis, Needham Jennett, and Isaac H. Cox, containing about

FOURTEEN HUNDRED ACRES,

being the same on which Samuel Smith lately resided.

ALSO

two acres of Land in Everettsville. The said Plantation will be sold in lots, or in a body, to suit purchasers. For further particulars, apply to Samuel Smith at Everettsville, or to me at my office in Goldsboro'.

TERMS.—Five per cent cash; Bonds with approved sureties for the balance, at six, twelve and eighteen months, with interest from date, and the title retained until the purchase money is paid.

W. O. MORISEY,
Nov. 7—79-1awtd Trustee.

Proposals for building a Banking House.

PROPOSALS will be received until the 23rd of December, for building a Banking House for the First National Bank of Charlotte, N. C.

The building will be fifty-nine feet front, extending back one hundred feet,—four stories, including basement.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the First National Bank, Charlotte.

The privilege of rejecting any bid is reserved by the Bank.

R. T. McADEN,
W. R. MYERS,
C. H. BRIEM,
Building Com.

Dec. 14—110-1aw

MISCELLANEOUS

HOT BUCKWHEAT CAKES!!!

SUPERIOR BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

ALSO

RICH GOSHEN BUTTER,

Extra Golden Syrup and Choice Molasses,

The very article needed with

HOT BUCKWHEAT CAKES.

Just received and for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Nov. 27—96-tf Market Square.

Office of N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 20, 1867.

A CREDITORS' BILL WAS FILED IN THE Court of Equity of Wake County, against the NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, and at the last term of the said Court, a decree was made, appointing me Receiver of all the assets of the said Company; and in pursuance of said decree, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of said Company, who are willing to contribute to the expenses of said suit, to make known their intent on or before the FOURTH MONDAY in MARCH, 1868, and prove their claims before the subscriber; otherwise they will be excluded from sharing in the distribution of the assets of the company. Those who have already proved their claims, need not furnish additional proof, but must signify their intention to become parties to the said suit, if they desire to do so.

Notice is also given to all persons indebted to the Company to settle the same without delay, or the claims will be put in suit.

R. H. BATTLE,
Nov. 20—2aw 1m. Receiver.

BERLINER MALT EXTRACT!

OR

Dr. Hollender's Beer of Health!

$4 Per Dozen.

AN EMINENT NOURISHING AND strengthening remedy for all diseases of the

BREAST AND STOMACH,

GENERAL WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY.

ALSO,

DYSPEPSIA,

and a great nourishment for convalescents.

MOTHERS, unable to give sufficient natural nourishment to their infants, will find this Extract a remarkable remedy.

It has been examined by the highest Medical authorities and approved to be not alone a very healthy, but extraordinary strengthener, and is successfully used in all Hospitals in Europe and the Northern Cities.

In compliance with the desire of a number of Physicians, we have introduced a second, lighter quality, at

$2,50 Per Dozen.

By this arrangement, every class of the public is enabled to provide this healthy remedy and thereby preserve their health.

PHIL. THIEM,
Sole Agent for North Carolina.

HANZ & MICHEL'S

CELEBRATED

LAGER BEER,

BREMEN,

$5 Per Dozen—(Two Bottles.)

A Genuine Imported Article.

PHIL. THIEM,
Sole Agent for America.

Oct. 9—84-3m

ALMANACH FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 25-207-tf

Wanted.

TO EXCHANGE OTHER BANK NOTES FOR $5,000 in Bank of Washington Notes.

Nov. 7—79-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

FOR SALE.

50 Sacks best N. C. Family Flour.

Dec. 4—101-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Concord Female College.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Monday of January, 1868.

It will continue six, instead of five months. Tuition and Board, WITH WASHING, will be $150, half in advance.

Each boarder will furnish her own lights and towels, and also a pair of sheets and pillow-cases.

Music, Drawing, French and Latin, extra.

Address J. M. M. CALDWELL,
Nov. 13-84 eod2m Statesville, N. C.

FOR RENT.

From 1st January, the House and Lot at present occupied by H. A. Badham, Esq., The house contains 8 rooms. Good kitchen and an office on the lot. Rent to be paid quarterly.

Dec. 6—103-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO,

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

BEING ABOUT TO REMOVE to an adjoining County, I offer for sale the House and Lot in the city of Raleigh, known as my former place of residence. This property is situated upon Hillsboro' Street, in one of the prettiest and most desirable portions of the city, and will be sold at a great bargain.

ALSO

The Plantation on which I at present reside, 12 miles South of Raleigh, containing

TWO HUNDRED ACRES.

Price exceedingly low. For particulars apply to C. B. Root, Esq., or to Mr. E. T. Hall, at the store of the Messrs Young.

Dec. 13—108-eod2w EVERARD HALL.

WM. H. THOMPSON,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

24 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS JUST RETURNED from the North with a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

Repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A NEW FEATURE.

He has in store an elegant lot of CONFECTIONERY, and many little nicetics, that will be suitable for the approaching Holydays, and to which the attention of the Ladies, particularly, is invited.

Dec. 10—106-1m.

BRIGGS & DODD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS.

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

Nov. 1—79-tf

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND

BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 197, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic.) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 20 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Aug 6-89-tf Freight Ag't
Raleigh N. C

Important Railroad Arrangement.

PASSENGERS can now purchase THROUGH TICKETS at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C., via the

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to

Memphis, Tenn., Cleveland, Ohio,
St. Louis, Mo., Detroit, Mich.,
Cincinnati, Ohio, St. Joseph, Mo.,
Louisville, Ky., Indianapolis, Ind.,
Milwaukie, Wis., Chicago, Ill.,
Pittsburg, Pa., Columbus, Ohio,

and all principal Cities in the Western and South-western States.

Tickets can be purchased either

VIA BAY LINE STEAMERS,

OR

Via Weldon and Richmond, Va.,

And

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH,

From Weldon to all Western Cities.

For Tickets and further information apply to J. M. Foon, Esq., General Ticket Agent, or to A. Jones, Esq., Ticket Agent Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C.

LOUIS ZIMPER,
General Southern Agent,
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Trans. Balt. & O. R. R.

H. M. COLE,
Gen. Ticket Ag't. B. & O. R. R.

Oct. 28—85-tf

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, N. C.,
October 17th, 1867.

On and after this date the following will be the schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	9.40 P. M.
" Greensboro	4 11 A. M.
" Raleigh	10.00 " "
Arrive at Goldsboro'	4.00 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.22 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.50 " "
" Greensboro'	9.10 " "
Arrive in Charlotte	2.54 A. M.

Through passengers by this line, have choice of routes, via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Portsmouth or Richmond, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with the passenger trains on the Wilmington and Weldon Road to and from Wilmington, and by Freight Train to Weldon.

JAS. ANDERSON,
Oct. 18—83-2m Sup't.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14th, 1867.

On and after October 15th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10.10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3.17 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7.00 A. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	5.00 P. M.

The Mail Trains make through connections with all points North.

A. B. ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—80-tf Supt. of Trans.

☞ Register and Standard copy tf.

To the Farmers of North Carolina:

IF YOU WANT PURE

PERUVIAN GUANO,

BUY OF

HERBERT & HAIRSTON,

COTTON, GRAIN AND TOBACCO

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Baltimore, Md.

Sept. 30—86-3m

Important Land Sale in Nash Co., N. C.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, at June Term of 1867, I shall, on Saturday, the 11th day of January, 1868, at the late residence of Matthew Wilder, Sr., deceased, in Nash County, offer for sale, at public auction, the tract of Land belonging to the estate of the deceased, containing

ABOUT 430 ACRES.

Well improved, very valuable and desirable property.

TERMS:—One hundred and fifty dollars cash; balance on a Credit of 6, 15 and 30 months. Bond with approved security, with interest from day of sale. Title retained until the purchase money is paid.

The land will be shown to parties desiring to see it, by applying to Gaston Wilder, Esq., who resides on the premises.

WM. H. AVERA, Commissioner,
Dec. 14—110-1m Smithfield, N. C.

Molasses! Molasses!

60 HHDS. PRIME CUBA MOLASSES, heavy and sweet, in store and for sale at reduced prices, to close.

WORTH & DANIEL,
Nov. 16—111-1w Wilmington, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-202-tf

Bond Holders and other Creditors of the City of Wilmington, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AS CHAIRMAN of the Finance Committee of the City of Wilmington, desires information in detail as to the amount and character of the debt of the said city, which was contracted prior to 1st of January, 1866. Holders of Bonds of the city are requested to communicate with the undersigned, stating the amount, the date, when issued, and when payable, and the rate of interest of the several bonds held. Also, the purpose (as appears by the face of the same) for which the respective bonds held were issued, and the number of coupons for interests matured and remaining unpaid.

Nov. 14—85-1m S. D. WALLACE.

For Sale.

$1.000 IN AMERICAN GOLD, and

40 Shares N. C. Railroad Stock.

Dec. 3—100-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

FOR SALE.

A large consignment of Cigars, Corn, Irish Potatoes and Cheese.

Dec. 3—100-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro' N. C.

Or PHIL. THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 21—72-tf

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—44 WM E PELL, Proprietor.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

6 dozen Axle Grease,
50 Kegs Nails, assorted,
Black-Smiths' Anvils, Vices and Hammers,
Builders' Materials,
Also a large stock Cook Stoves.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, Oct. 3, 1867.

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.

For sale by

J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—61-tf N. C. Book Store.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS.

20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—84-tf

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

CHEAP LIGHT.

SUPERIOR KEROSENE OIL.

Lamps of all kinds, Lamp Chimneys, and Wicks. Oil Cans.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Sept. 21—77-tf With Hart & Lewis.

DIRECT TRADE! DIRECT TRADE!

The first class British Steamship

PHORNTIS,

of 2,000 tons burthen, will leave Liverpool on the 30th of October, and is expected in Norfolk, to load FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT, about the 23rd of November.

For freight or passage, apply to

W. D. REYNOLDS & BRO.,
Agents, Norfolk, Va., or to
A. M. McPHEETERS,
Nov. 4—3m. Raleigh, N. C.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special department on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Music, Amusements, etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly engravings (full size,) useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife or lady of taste can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies, 30 cents; back numbers as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies $7 50; five copies, $12 and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each, with the first premiums to each subscriber.

☞ A new Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at $3 each. Address,

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together $4, with the premiums for each.

Nov. 2—75-tf

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, the best Juvenile Magazine. Every Boy and Girl that sees it says so; all the Press say so; and Parents and Teachers confirm it. Do not fail to secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a glass cylinder to confine living objects, or a good two-bladed, pearl Pocket Knife, and a large number of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, $1.50. The November number commences a new volume. Published by

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
473 Broadway, New York.

Try it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, five cents, mailed free.

Nov. 2—75-tf

Corn! Corn!!

1,000 BUSHELS,

For sale by

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Dec. 14—110-tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG SCOTT & CO.

No. 25 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAVER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept. 28—45-tf.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDLES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
20 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 23-168-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS' SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

HOUSEKEEPERS!

ARE YOU IN WANT OF

DELICIOUS TEAS,

Prime Laguyra and Rio Coffees,
The real old Gov't Java Coffee,
Baltimore Refined Sugars,
Pine Apple Cheese,
A very nice Ham,
Beef Tongues,
AND

Elegant Goshen Butter?

Then call at my Store on Market Square.

Oct. 17—61-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

HOLLOW WARE, ANDIRONS, SPICE MORTARS, Lined Stew Pans, Climax Furnaces, Lined Musalin Kettles, Griddles and Grid-Irons, English Wafer and Waffle Irons.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Oct. 31—tf With Hart & Lewis.

RICH AS CREAM AND YELLOW AS GOLD!!

That delicious ORANGE COUNTY BUTTER, just received at DOUGLAS BELL'S

Nov. 5—77-tf Family Grocery.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

Office of the North Carolina Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

RALEIGH, N. C.,
Nov. 23, 1867.

A CREDITOR'S BILL WAS FILED IN THE Court of Equity of Wake County, against the NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, and at the last term of the said Court, a decree was made appointing me Receiver of all the assets of the said Company; and in pursuance of said decree, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of said Company, who are willing to contribute to the expense of said suit, to make known their intent on or before the FOURTH MONDAY IN MARCH, 1868, and prove their claims before the subscriber; otherwise they will be excluded from sharing in the distribution of the assets of the Company.

Those who have already proved their claims need not furnish additional proof but must signify their intention to become parties to the said suit, if they desire to do so.

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the Company, by assessment as heretofore notified, to make payment without delay, or their claims under the decree of the Court will be put in suit.

T. H SELBY,
Nov. 23—2aw1m Receiver

NEW PERUVIAN GUANO.—I HAVE just received another lot of pure PERUVIAN GUANO, which I know to be direct from the Government Agent in New York.

DOUGLAS BELL,
Nov. 29—tf Market Square.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE

TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' RUBR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Gearing.

mar 29-198

COLLINS & HEATH,

22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Reebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Syracuse Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist.

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-229-eod1y

NORTH STATE IRON AND BRASS WORKS.

Again we beg to inform our friends and patrons that in the loss of our Machine Shops by fire we did not lose our FOUNDRY and PATTERNS, and that we have rebuilt

IN TWO WEEKS TIME

our Machine Shops—that we are now receiving

The Best and Most Highly Improved Machinery

that can be purchased. We are now prepared to furnish, upon short notice, all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

all sizes and descriptions of Forgings, and to finish and fit up the same in the best style. All kinds of repairing to Steam and Grist Mills furnished by us. We keep constantly on hand all kinds of

ONE AND TWO HORSE PLOWS,

and all the descriptions of Agricultural Implements used in this section.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Aug 6-205-tf

JOS. P. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.

July 13-234-6m

NAPOLEON AND THE QUEEN OF PRUSSIA; A historical Novel; by L. MUHLBACH. For sale at the Book Store of

Nov. 7—79-tf WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

WILLIAM H. WILLARD, Special Partner. RICH'D N. TAYLOR, General Partner.

RICHARD N. TAYLOR,

WHOLESALE GROCER

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner Craven and South Front Streets,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Refers to J. M. Conway, 15 Park Place, N. Y., Wygant & Hoeft, 68 Dey Street, N. Y., Jas. S. Woodward's Sons, 29 North Front St., Philadelphia, W. B. Gulick & Geo. W. Swepson, National Bank, Raleigh, N. C., R. M. Oates & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

Oct. 20—72-3m

ROB'T H. COWAN, JNO W. CAMERON, J. S. H. HILL

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANTS and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and supplies of all kinds.

NO. 32 NORTH WATER STREET,

Wilmington, N. C.

Prompt and strict personal attention given to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores and General Produce or other business entrusted to them.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.) celebrated brands of Virginia Chewing Tobacco.

Agents for the North American Life Insurance Co., of New York City.

Oct. 28—89-6m

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ENDEAVOR TO keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

COOKING STOVES.

The Stoves are bought in lots from the Manufacturer and fitted up here, and hence can be sold and are selling

At Reduced Rates!

He desires to call especial attention to the celebrated BUCK'S PATENT, which he warrants to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buck's Pat. No. 6 with pipe and furniture, $30.00
" " 7 " " " 35.00
" " 8 " " " 40.00

Low priced Stoves, from $18 to $25.

☞ Any kind of good BARTER will be taken in exchange.

E. H POGUE,
Oct. 12—57-eod6m Hillsboro', N. C.

INEZ. By the author of "Beulah," "Vashti," &c. For sale at the N. C. Book Store.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Nov. 15—86-tf Bookseller.

THE NEW TESTAMENT.—The common English version, corrected by the Committee of the American Bible Union (second revision) For sale at the N. C. Book Store.

J. H. ENNISS,
Nov. 15—86-tf Bookseller.

FINE COCKADE CITY ALE,

By the keg, for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & Co.
Nov. 4, 1867—tf.

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN SWEEP!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING

AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDK'FS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
CUTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say; it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.

GEO. T. COOKE.

Aug 8-209-tf

A LARGE,

CHEAP AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED BY

ISAAC OETTINGER,

No. 48 Fayetteville St.

ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF

Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps, Ladies' Dress Silks, Ladies' Cloaks, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, and Fancy Goods.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

All these goods will be sold at a very small advance on first cost. There will be nothing charged for showing them. All we ask is a call before you buy elsewhere.

Remember ISAAC OETTINGER,
At 48 Fayetteville St.,
6 doors North of Market Square.

IN THE MILLINERY LINE.

MRS. OETTINGER is again ready to serve her friends and patrons. She has just returned from the Northern Markets, well posted, and with one of the nicest and largest stocks of

MILLINERY,

that ever was brought to this town. She has something to suit all classes.

Trimmed Hats from 50 cents up.

Bonnets made of silks, velvets, straw and gimp.

Velvets, Silks and Satins of every color and shade.

In Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers and Ornaments, her stock cannot be excelled.

It is useless to speak of her good taste in trimming Bonnets and Hats. She is too well known for that among the Ladies, far and near. Call before you buy elsewhere, at

MRS. OETTINGER'S.

(You all know where she lives.)

P. S.—She will have an opening on Thursday, 10th of October.

October 3—3